

APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION FORM
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

This form should be completed by following the instructions provided in Section IV of the JD Form Instructional Guidebook.

SECTION I: BACKGROUND INFORMATION

A. REPORT COMPLETION DATE FOR APPROVED JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (JD): 4/18/2016

B. DISTRICT OFFICE, FILE NAME, AND NUMBER: Jacksonville District; Walton Development / Panasoffkee Preserve; SAJ-2016-00290

C. PROJECT LOCATION AND BACKGROUND INFORMATION:

State: FL County/parish/borough: Sumter City: Wildwood
Center coordinates of site (lat/long in degree decimal format): Lat. 28.886307° **Pick List**, Long. -82.123297° **Pick List**.
Universal Transverse Mercator:

Name of nearest waterbody: Lake Panasoffkee

Name of nearest Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) into which the aquatic resource flows: Lake Panasoffkee

Name of watershed or Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC): Withlacoochee River subbasin (03100208), Lake Panasoffkee watershed (0310020807), and Little Jones Creek subwatershed (031002080706)

Check if map/diagram of review area and/or potential jurisdictional areas is/are available upon request.

Check if other sites (e.g., offsite mitigation sites, disposal sites, etc...) are associated with this action and are recorded on a different JD form.

D. REVIEW PERFORMED FOR SITE EVALUATION (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

Office (Desk) Determination. Date: 4/16/2016

Field Determination. Date(s): 3/1/2016

SECTION II: SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

A. RHA SECTION 10 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.

There **Are no** "navigable waters of the U.S." within Rivers and Harbors Act (RHA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 329) in the review area. [Required]

Waters subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

Waters are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
Explain: .

B. CWA SECTION 404 DETERMINATION OF JURISDICTION.

There **Are** "waters of the U.S." within Clean Water Act (CWA) jurisdiction (as defined by 33 CFR part 328) in the review area. [Required]

1. Waters of the U.S.

a. Indicate presence of waters of U.S. in review area (check all that apply):¹

- TNWs, including territorial seas
- Wetlands adjacent to TNWs
- Relatively permanent waters² (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Impoundments of jurisdictional waters
- Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands

b. Identify (estimate) size of waters of the U.S. in the review area:

Non-wetland waters: linear feet: width (ft) and/or acres.

Wetlands: 84.81 acres.

c. Limits (boundaries) of jurisdiction based on: 1987 Delineation Manual

Elevation of established OHWM (if known): .

2. Non-regulated waters/wetlands (check if applicable):³

- Potentially jurisdictional waters and/or wetlands were assessed within the review area and determined to be not jurisdictional.
Explain: **Subject wetlands 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 are 0.407, 0.135, 0.124, 0.032 and 2.75 acre in size, respectively. The subject wetlands are low quality depressional freshwater wetlands with surface hydrologic connection to jurisdictional wetland Tract B. The subject wetlands are approximately 3.7 miles from Lake Panasoffkee, a TNW. Additionally, there is no**

¹ Boxes checked below shall be supported by completing the appropriate sections in Section III below.

² For purposes of this form, an RPW is defined as a tributary that is not a TNW and that typically flows year-round or has continuous flow at least "seasonally" (e.g., typically 3 months).

³ Supporting documentation is presented in Section III.F.

surface hydrologic connection from the subject wetlands to the unnamed RPW. The subject wetlands do not provide a substantial nexus to interstate commerce.

SECTION III: CWA ANALYSIS

A. TNWs AND WETLANDS ADJACENT TO TNWs

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over TNWs and wetlands adjacent to TNWs. If the aquatic resource is a TNW, complete Section III.A.1 and Section III.D.1. only; if the aquatic resource is a wetland adjacent to a TNW, complete Sections III.A.1 and 2 and Section III.D.1.; otherwise, see Section III.B below.

1. TNW

Identify TNW: .

Summarize rationale supporting determination: .

2. Wetland adjacent to TNW

Summarize rationale supporting conclusion that wetland is “adjacent”:

B. CHARACTERISTICS OF TRIBUTARY (THAT IS NOT A TNW) AND ITS ADJACENT WETLANDS (IF ANY):

This section summarizes information regarding characteristics of the tributary and its adjacent wetlands, if any, and it helps determine whether or not the standards for jurisdiction established under *Rapanos* have been met.

The agencies will assert jurisdiction over non-navigable tributaries of TNWs where the tributaries are “relatively permanent waters” (RPWs), i.e. tributaries that typically flow year-round or have continuous flow at least seasonally (e.g., typically 3 months). A wetland that directly abuts an RPW is also jurisdictional. If the aquatic resource is not a TNW, but has year-round (perennial) flow, skip to Section III.D.2. If the aquatic resource is a wetland directly abutting a tributary with perennial flow, skip to Section III.D.4.

A wetland that is adjacent to but that does not directly abut an RPW requires a significant nexus evaluation. Corps districts and EPA regions will include in the record any available information that documents the existence of a significant nexus between a relatively permanent tributary that is not perennial (and its adjacent wetlands if any) and a traditional navigable water, even though a significant nexus finding is not required as a matter of law.

If the waterbody⁴ is not an RPW, or a wetland directly abutting an RPW, a JD will require additional data to determine if the waterbody has a significant nexus with a TNW. If the tributary has adjacent wetlands, the significant nexus evaluation must consider the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands. This significant nexus evaluation that combines, for analytical purposes, the tributary and all of its adjacent wetlands is used whether the review area identified in the JD request is the tributary, or its adjacent wetlands, or both. If the JD covers a tributary with adjacent wetlands, complete Section III.B.1 for the tributary, Section III.B.2 for any onsite wetlands, and Section III.B.3 for all wetlands adjacent to that tributary, both onsite and offsite. The determination whether a significant nexus exists is determined in Section III.C below.

1. Characteristics of non-TNWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNW

(i) General Area Conditions:

Watershed size: 25616 acres

Drainage area: 25616 acres

Average annual rainfall: 42 inches

Average annual snowfall: 0 inches

(ii) Physical Characteristics:

(a) Relationship with TNW:

Tributary flows directly into TNW.

Tributary flows through **Pick List** tributaries before entering TNW.

Project waters are **Pick List** river miles from TNW.

Project waters are **Pick List** river miles from RPW.

Project waters are 2-5 aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Project waters are 1 (or less) aerial (straight) miles from RPW.

Project waters cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain: N/A.

⁴ Note that the Instructional Guidebook contains additional information regarding swales, ditches, washes, and erosional features generally and in the arid West.

Identify flow route to TNW⁵: Water flows from Wetland named Tract B through a large culvert, under County Road 475, through an unnamed relatively permanent water two wetlands abutting the TNW (Lake Panasoffkee).
Tributary stream order, if known:

(b) **General Tributary Characteristics (check all that apply):**

Tributary is: Natural
 Artificial (man-made). Explain:
 Manipulated (man-altered). Explain: The RPW appears to have ditched prior to 1941.

Tributary properties with respect to top of bank (estimate):

Average width: 5 feet
Average depth: 3 feet
Average side slopes: **2:1**.

Primary tributary substrate composition (check all that apply):

Silts Sands Concrete
 Cobbles Gravel Muck
 Bedrock Vegetation. Type/% cover:
 Other. Explain:

Tributary condition/stability [e.g., highly eroding, sloughing banks]. Explain: Channel appears stable.

Presence of run/riffle/pool complexes. Explain: N/A.

Tributary geometry: **Relatively straight**

Tributary gradient (approximate average slope): 5 %

(c) **Flow:**

Tributary provides for: **Seasonal flow**

Estimate average number of flow events in review area/year: **20 (or greater)**

Describe flow regime: The flow regime meets the criteria of at least 3 months of flow..

Other information on duration and volume:

Surface flow is: **Discrete and confined**. Characteristics:

Subsurface flow: **Unknown**. Explain findings:

Dye (or other) test performed:

Tributary has (check all that apply):

Bed and banks
 OHWM⁶ (check all indicators that apply):
 clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris
 changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation
 shelving the presence of wrack line
 vegetation matted down, bent, or absent sediment sorting
 leaf litter disturbed or washed away scour
 sediment deposition multiple observed or predicted flow events
 water staining abrupt change in plant community
 other (list):
 Discontinuous OHWM.⁷ Explain:

If factors other than the OHWM were used to determine lateral extent of CWA jurisdiction (check all that apply):

High Tide Line indicated by: Mean High Water Mark indicated by:
 oil or scum line along shore objects survey to available datum;
 fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings;
 physical markings/characteristics vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
 tidal gauges
 other (list):

(iii) **Chemical Characteristics:**

Characterize tributary (e.g., water color is clear, discolored, oily film; water quality; general watershed characteristics, etc.).

Explain: the water appeared tannic.

⁵ Flow route can be described by identifying, e.g., tributary a, which flows through the review area, to flow into tributary b, which then flows into TNW.

⁶A natural or man-made discontinuity in the OHWM does not necessarily sever jurisdiction (e.g., where the stream temporarily flows underground, or where the OHWM has been removed by development or agricultural practices). Where there is a break in the OHWM that is unrelated to the waterbody's flow regime (e.g., flow over a rock outcrop or through a culvert), the agencies will look for indicators of flow above and below the break.

⁷Ibid.

Identify specific pollutants, if known: The majority of pollutants are attributed to livestock grazing and run-off from adjacent roadways.

(iv) **Biological Characteristics. Channel supports (check all that apply):**

- Riparian corridor. Characteristics (type, average width):
- Wetland fringe. Characteristics:
- Habitat for:
 - Federally Listed species. Explain findings:
 - Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:
 - Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings:
 - Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings: The RPW provides habitat invertebrate and amphibian species and foraging opportunities for terrestrial species.

2. **Characteristics of wetlands adjacent to non-TNW that flow directly or indirectly into TNW**

(i) **Physical Characteristics:**

(a) General Wetland Characteristics:

Properties:

Wetland size: 84.81 acres

Wetland type. Explain: Freshwater marsh.

Wetland quality. Explain: The water quality is likely moderate due to live stock grazing is surrounding uplands.

Project wetlands cross or serve as state boundaries. Explain: N/A.

(b) General Flow Relationship with Non-TNW:

Flow is: **Perennial flow**. Explain:

Surface flow is: **Discrete and confined**

Characteristics:

Subsurface flow: **Unknown**. Explain findings:

Dye (or other) test performed:

(c) Wetland Adjacency Determination with Non-TNW:

Directly abutting

Not directly abutting

Discrete wetland hydrologic connection. Explain: Wetland named Tract B is connected to the RPW by culvert under County Road 475.

Ecological connection. Explain:

Separated by berm/barrier. Explain:

(d) Proximity (Relationship) to TNW

Project wetlands are **Pick List** river miles from TNW.

Project waters are **2-5** aerial (straight) miles from TNW.

Flow is from: **Pick List**.

Estimate approximate location of wetland as within the **50 - 100-year** floodplain.

(ii) **Chemical Characteristics:**

Characterize wetland system (e.g., water color is clear, brown, oil film on surface; water quality; general watershed characteristics; etc.). Explain: The freshwater wetlands appears to be of good quality.

Identify specific pollutants, if known:

(iii) **Biological Characteristics. Wetland supports (check all that apply):**

Riparian buffer. Characteristics (type, average width):

Vegetation type/percent cover. Explain:

Habitat for:

Federally Listed species. Explain findings: The wetland provides suitable foraging habitat for the Wood stork and is within the core foraging area of a Wood stork colony.

Fish/spawn areas. Explain findings:

Other environmentally-sensitive species. Explain findings:

Aquatic/wildlife diversity. Explain findings: The wetland provides habitat invertebrate and amphibian species and foraging opportunities for terrestrial species.

3. **Characteristics of all wetlands adjacent to the tributary (if any)**

All wetland(s) being considered in the cumulative analysis: **1**

Approximately (84.81) acres in total are being considered in the cumulative analysis.

For each wetland, specify the following:

<u>Directly abuts? (Y/N)</u>	<u>Size (in acres)</u>	<u>Directly abuts? (Y/N)</u>	<u>Size (in acres)</u>
Y	84.81		

Summarize overall biological, chemical and physical functions being performed: The subject wetland provides habitat for invertebrate and amphibian species, foraging for terrestrial species, nutrient sequestration, and flood water storage.

C. SIGNIFICANT NEXUS DETERMINATION

A significant nexus analysis will assess the flow characteristics and functions of the tributary itself and the functions performed by any wetlands adjacent to the tributary to determine if they significantly affect the chemical, physical, and biological integrity of a TNW. For each of the following situations, a significant nexus exists if the tributary, in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, has more than a speculative or insubstantial effect on the chemical, physical and/or biological integrity of a TNW. Considerations when evaluating significant nexus include, but are not limited to the volume, duration, and frequency of the flow of water in the tributary and its proximity to a TNW, and the functions performed by the tributary and all its adjacent wetlands. It is not appropriate to determine significant nexus based solely on any specific threshold of distance (e.g. between a tributary and its adjacent wetland or between a tributary and the TNW). Similarly, the fact an adjacent wetland lies within or outside of a floodplain is not solely determinative of significant nexus.

Draw connections between the features documented and the effects on the TNW, as identified in the *Rapanos* Guidance and discussed in the Instructional Guidebook. Factors to consider include, for example:

- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to carry pollutants or flood waters to TNWs, or to reduce the amount of pollutants or flood waters reaching a TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), provide habitat and lifecycle support functions for fish and other species, such as feeding, nesting, spawning, or rearing young for species that are present in the TNW?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have the capacity to transfer nutrients and organic carbon that support downstream foodwebs?
- Does the tributary, in combination with its adjacent wetlands (if any), have other relationships to the physical, chemical, or biological integrity of the TNW?

Note: the above list of considerations is not inclusive and other functions observed or known to occur should be documented below:

1. **Significant nexus findings for non-RPW that has no adjacent wetlands and flows directly or indirectly into TNWs.** Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary itself, then go to Section III.D: .
2. **Significant nexus findings for non-RPW and its adjacent wetlands, where the non-RPW flows directly or indirectly into TNWs.** Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D: .
3. **Significant nexus findings for wetlands adjacent to an RPW but that do not directly abut the RPW.** Explain findings of presence or absence of significant nexus below, based on the tributary in combination with all of its adjacent wetlands, then go to Section III.D: .

D. DETERMINATIONS OF JURISDICTIONAL FINDINGS. THE SUBJECT WATERS/WETLANDS ARE (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

1. **TNWs and Adjacent Wetlands.** Check all that apply and provide size estimates in review area:
 - TNWs: linear feet width (ft), Or, acres.
 - Wetlands adjacent to TNWs: acres.
2. **RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.**
 - Tributaries of TNWs where tributaries typically flow year-round are jurisdictional. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial: .
 - Tributaries of TNW where tributaries have continuous flow “seasonally” (e.g., typically three months each year) are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.B. Provide rationale indicating that tributary flows seasonally: .

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):

- Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).
 - Other non-wetland waters: acres.
- Identify type(s) of waters: .

3. Non-RPWs⁸ that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

- Waterbody that is not a TNW or an RPW, but flows directly or indirectly into a TNW, and it has a significant nexus with a TNW is jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters within the review area (check all that apply):

- Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).
 - Other non-wetland waters: acres.
- Identify type(s) of waters: .

4. Wetlands directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

- Wetlands directly abut RPW and thus are jurisdictional as adjacent wetlands.
- Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow year-round. Provide data and rationale indicating that tributary is perennial in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: .
- Wetlands directly abutting an RPW where tributaries typically flow “seasonally.” Provide data indicating that tributary is seasonal in Section III.B and rationale in Section III.D.2, above. Provide rationale indicating that wetland is directly abutting an RPW: .

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: **84.81** acres.

5. Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting an RPW that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

- Wetlands that do not directly abut an RPW, but when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

Provide acreage estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.

6. Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.

- Wetlands adjacent to such waters, and have when considered in combination with the tributary to which they are adjacent and with similarly situated adjacent wetlands, have a significant nexus with a TNW are jurisdictional. Data supporting this conclusion is provided at Section III.C.

Provide estimates for jurisdictional wetlands in the review area: acres.

7. Impoundments of jurisdictional waters.⁹

As a general rule, the impoundment of a jurisdictional tributary remains jurisdictional.

- Demonstrate that impoundment was created from “waters of the U.S.,” or
- Demonstrate that water meets the criteria for one of the categories presented above (1-6), or
- Demonstrate that water is isolated with a nexus to commerce (see E below).

E. ISOLATED [INTERSTATE OR INTRA-STATE] WATERS, INCLUDING ISOLATED WETLANDS, THE USE, DEGRADATION OR DESTRUCTION OF WHICH COULD AFFECT INTERSTATE COMMERCE, INCLUDING ANY SUCH WATERS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):¹⁰

- which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
- from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- Interstate isolated waters. Explain: .
- Other factors. Explain: .

⁸See Footnote # 3.

⁹ To complete the analysis refer to the key in Section III.D.6 of the Instructional Guidebook.

¹⁰ Prior to asserting or declining CWA jurisdiction based solely on this category, Corps Districts will elevate the action to Corps and EPA HQ for review consistent with the process described in the Corps/EPA Memorandum Regarding CWA Act Jurisdiction Following Rapanos.

Identify water body and summarize rationale supporting determination:

Provide estimates for jurisdictional waters in the review area (check all that apply):

- Tributary waters: linear feet width (ft).
- Other non-wetland waters: acres.
Identify type(s) of waters: .
- Wetlands: acres.

F. NON-JURISDICTIONAL WATERS, INCLUDING WETLANDS (CHECK ALL THAT APPLY):

- If potential wetlands were assessed within the review area, these areas did not meet the criteria in the 1987 Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual and/or appropriate Regional Supplements.
- Review area included isolated waters with no substantial nexus to interstate (or foreign) commerce.
 - Prior to the Jan 2001 Supreme Court decision in "SWANCC," the review area would have been regulated based solely on the "Migratory Bird Rule" (MBR).
- Waters do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction. Explain: .
- Other: (explain, if not covered above): .

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area, where the sole potential basis of jurisdiction is the MBR factors (i.e., presence of migratory birds, presence of endangered species, use of water for irrigated agriculture), using best professional judgment (check all that apply):

- Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet width (ft).
- Lakes/ponds: acres.
- Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: .
- Wetlands: 3.448 acres.

Provide acreage estimates for non-jurisdictional waters in the review area that do not meet the "Significant Nexus" standard, where such a finding is required for jurisdiction (check all that apply):

- Non-wetland waters (i.e., rivers, streams): linear feet, width (ft).
- Lakes/ponds: acres.
- Other non-wetland waters: acres. List type of aquatic resource: .
- Wetlands: acres.

SECTION IV: DATA SOURCES.

A. SUPPORTING DATA. Data reviewed for JD (check all that apply - checked items shall be included in case file and, where checked and requested, appropriately reference sources below):

- Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant: .
- Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant/consultant.
 - Office concurs with data sheets/delineation report.
 - Office does not concur with data sheets/delineation report.
- Data sheets prepared by the Corps: .
- Corps navigable waters' study: .
- U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: .
 - USGS NHD data.
 - USGS 8 and 12 digit HUC maps.
- U.S. Geological Survey map(s). Cite scale & quad name: .
- USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey. Citation: .
- National wetlands inventory map(s). Cite name: .
- State/Local wetland inventory map(s): .
- FEMA/FIRM maps: .
- 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929)
- Photographs: Aerial (Name & Date): Google Earth 4/18/2016.
or Other (Name & Date): .
- Previous determination(s). File no. and date of response letter: .
- Applicable/supporting case law: .
- Applicable/supporting scientific literature: .
- Other information (please specify): .

B. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS TO SUPPORT JD:

2016-00290

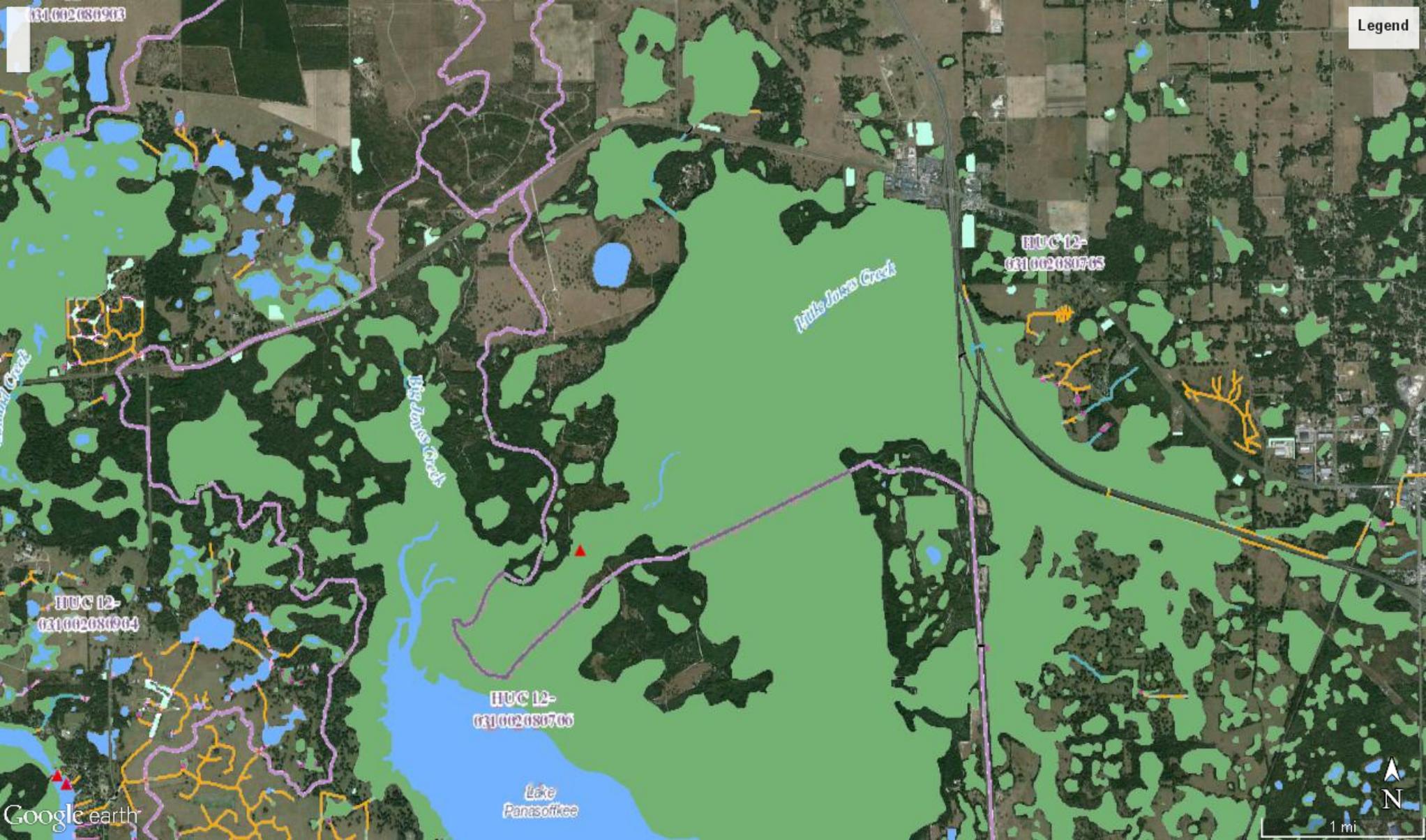


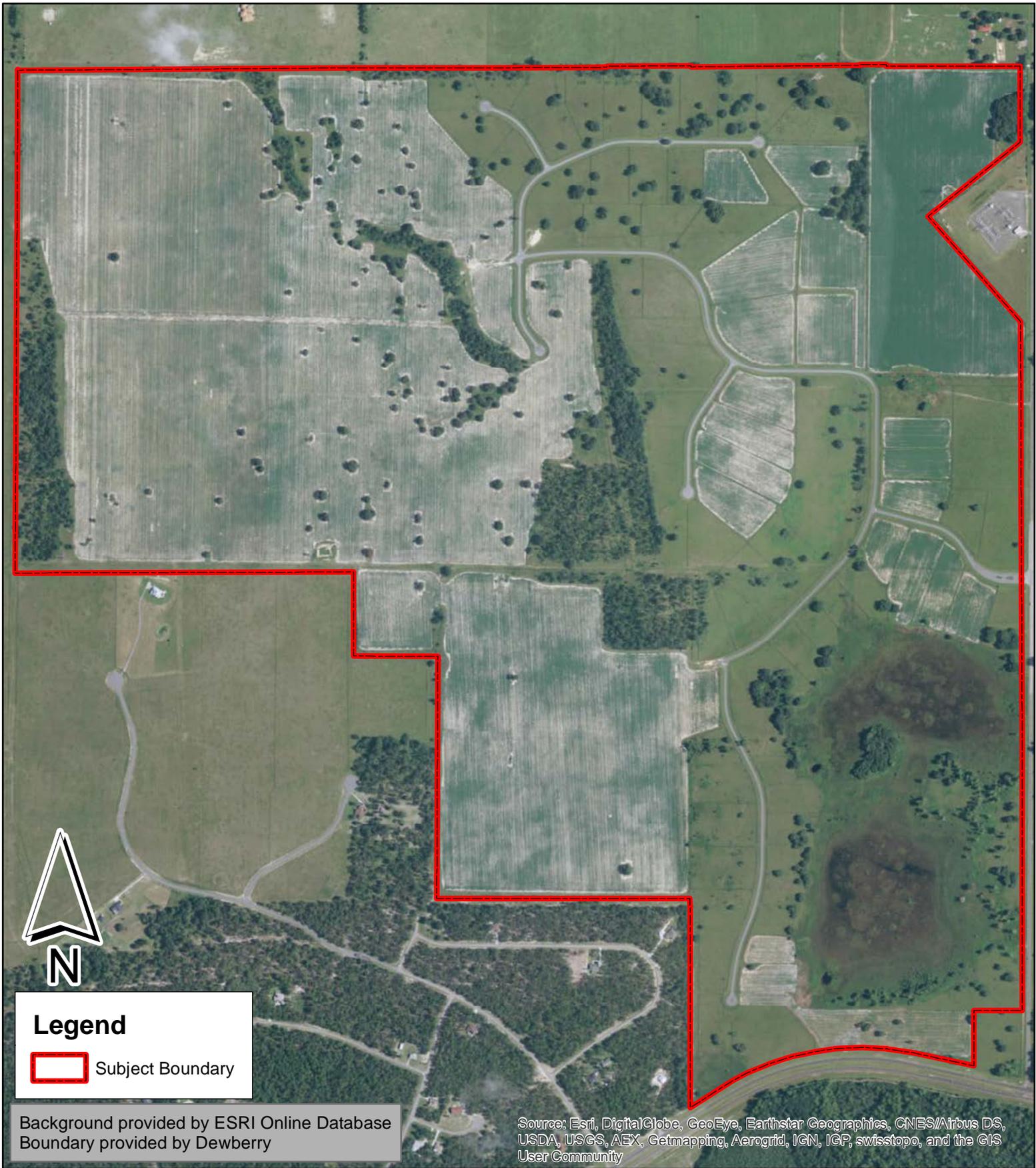
Latitude 28.886307
Longitude -82.123297
Review area is 3.7 miles
from Lake Panasoffkee
(TNW)



031002080903

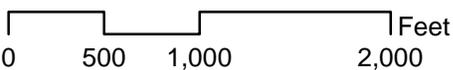
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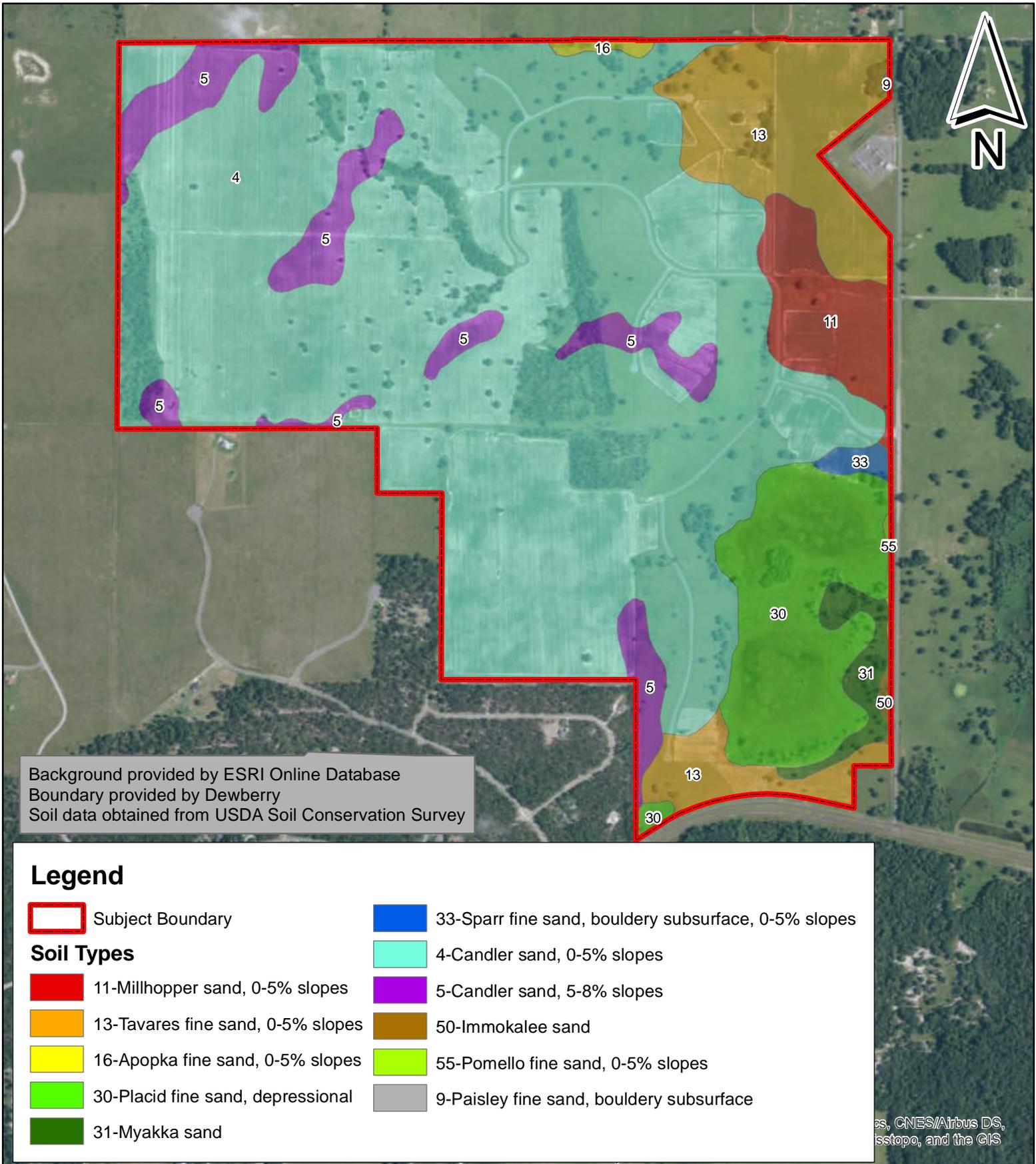


Panasoffkee Preserve

Ecological Assessment
 Figure 1- Aerial Map
 Location in Sections 29, 30, and 32, T18S, R22E
 Sumter County, Florida



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 302 Mohawk Road
 Clermont, FL 34715
 Phone: (352) 394-2000
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www.ModicaAndAssociates.com



Background provided by ESRI Online Database
 Boundary provided by Dewberry
 Soil data obtained from USDA Soil Conservation Survey

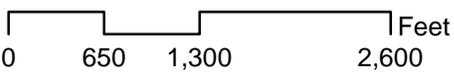
Legend

- Subject Boundary
- Soil Types**
- 11-Millhopper sand, 0-5% slopes
- 13-Tavares fine sand, 0-5% slopes
- 16-Apopka fine sand, 0-5% slopes
- 30-Placid fine sand, depressional
- 31-Myakka sand
- 33-Sparr fine sand, bouldery subsurface, 0-5% slopes
- 4-Candler sand, 0-5% slopes
- 5-Candler sand, 5-8% slopes
- 50-Immokalee sand
- 55-Pomello fine sand, 0-5% slopes
- 9-Paisley fine sand, bouldery subsurface

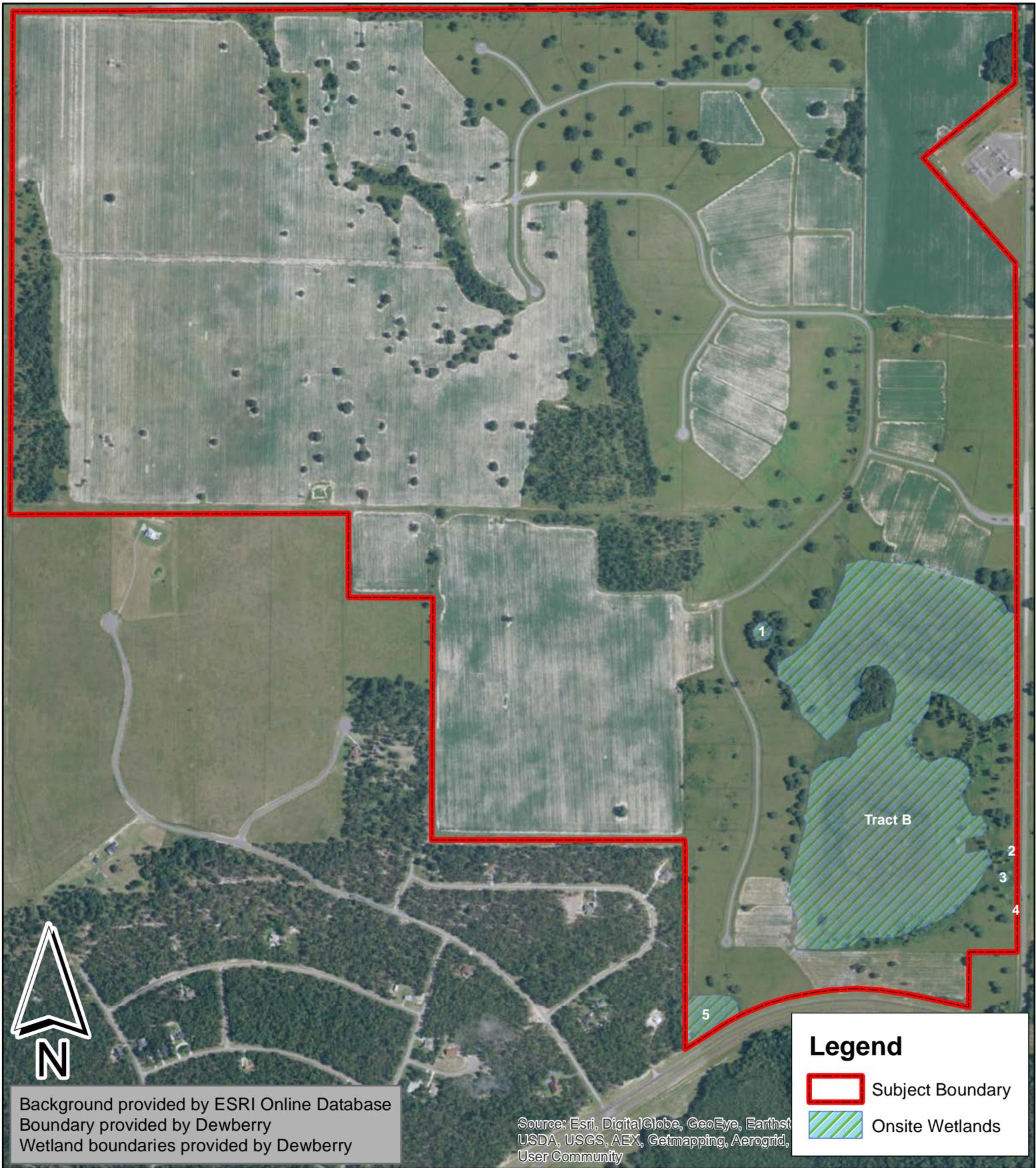
cs, CNES/Airbus DS, sstopo, and the GIS

Panasoffkee Preserve

Ecological Assessment
 Figure 2- Soils Map
 Location in Sections 29, 30, and 32, T18S, R22E
 Sumter County, Florida



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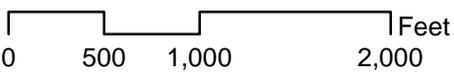


Background provided by ESRI Online Database
 Boundary provided by Dewberry
 Wetland boundaries provided by Dewberry

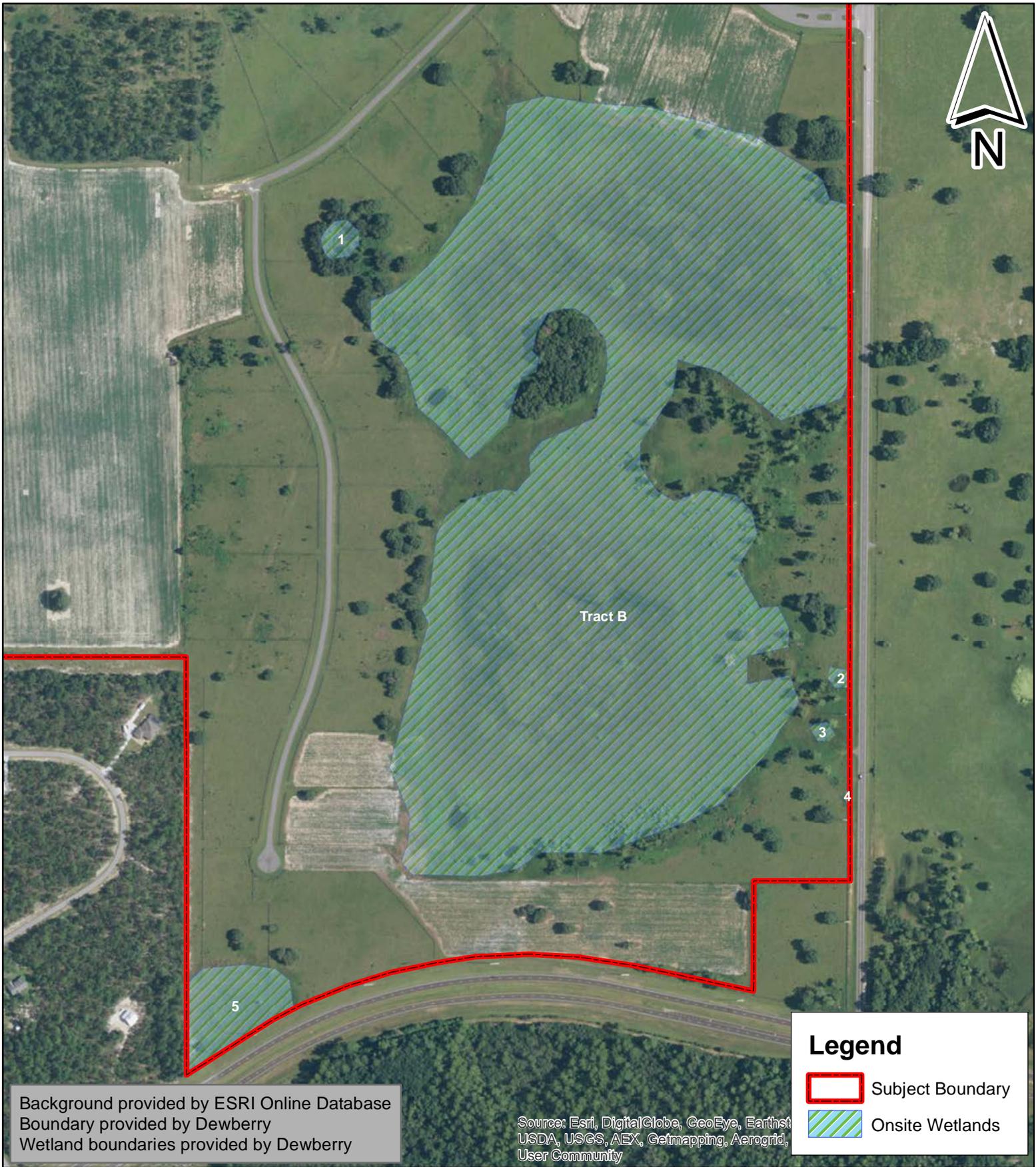
Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar
 USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid,
 User Community

Panasoffkee Preserve

Ecological Assessment
 Figure 3- Wetland Map
 Location in Sections 29, 30, and 32, T18S, R22E
 Sumter County, Florida



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 Email: Environmental@Modica.cc
 www.ModicaAndAssociates.com



Background provided by ESRI Online Database
 Boundary provided by Dewberry
 Wetland boundaries provided by Dewberry

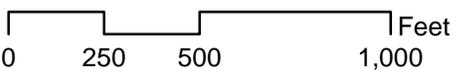
Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar
 USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid,
 User Community

Legend

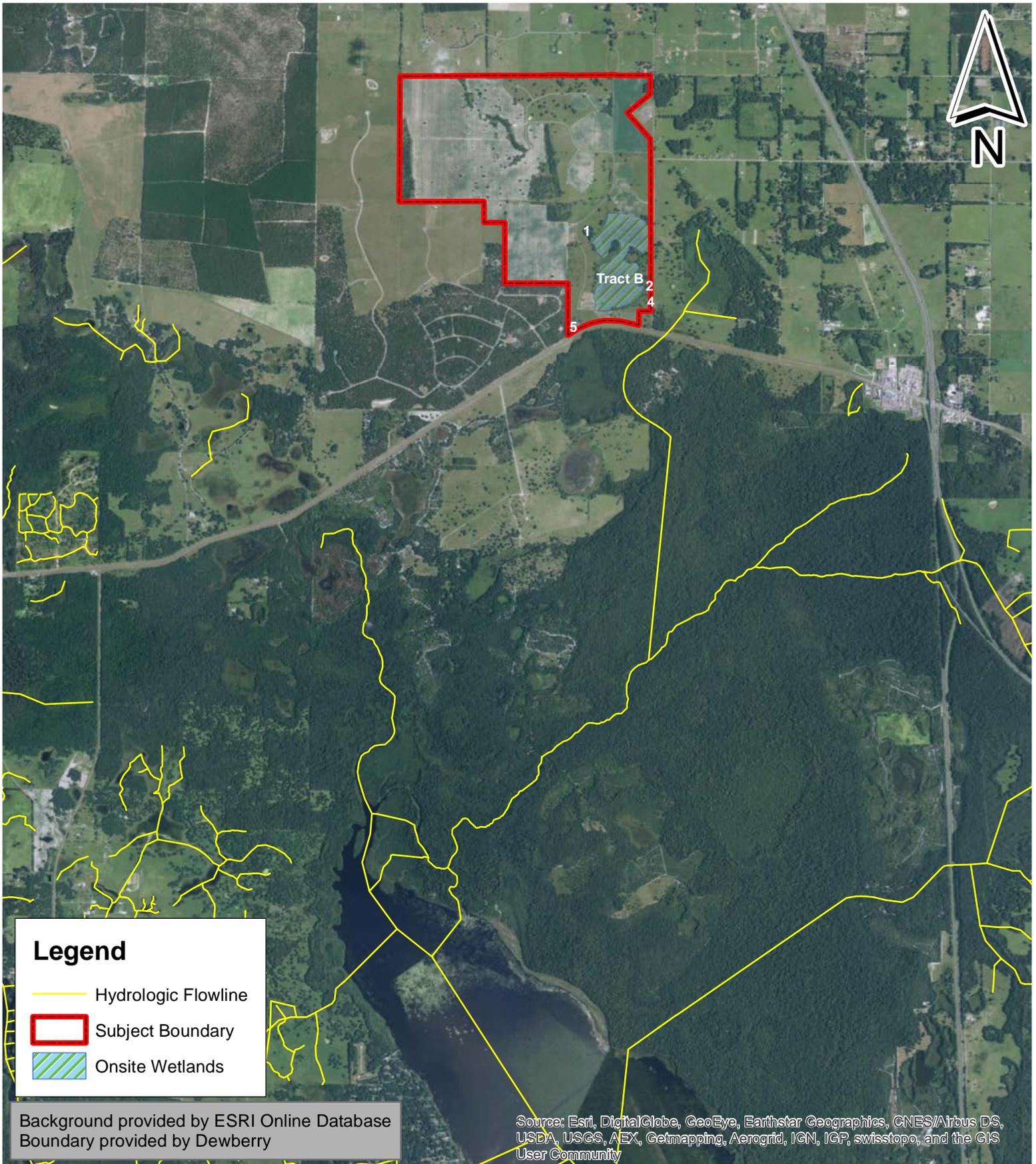
-  Subject Boundary
-  Onsite Wetlands

Panasoffkee Preserve

Ecological Assessment
 Figure 4- Wetland Map (Zoomed)
 Location in Sections 29, 30, and 32, T18S, R22E
 Sumter County, Florida

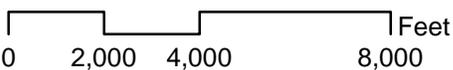


Modica & Associates, Inc.
Environmental Planning, Design & Permitting
 302 Mohawk Road
 Clermont, FL 34715
 Phone: (352) 394-2000
 Fax: (352) 394-1159
 Email: Environmental@Modica.cc
www.ModicaAndAssociates.com

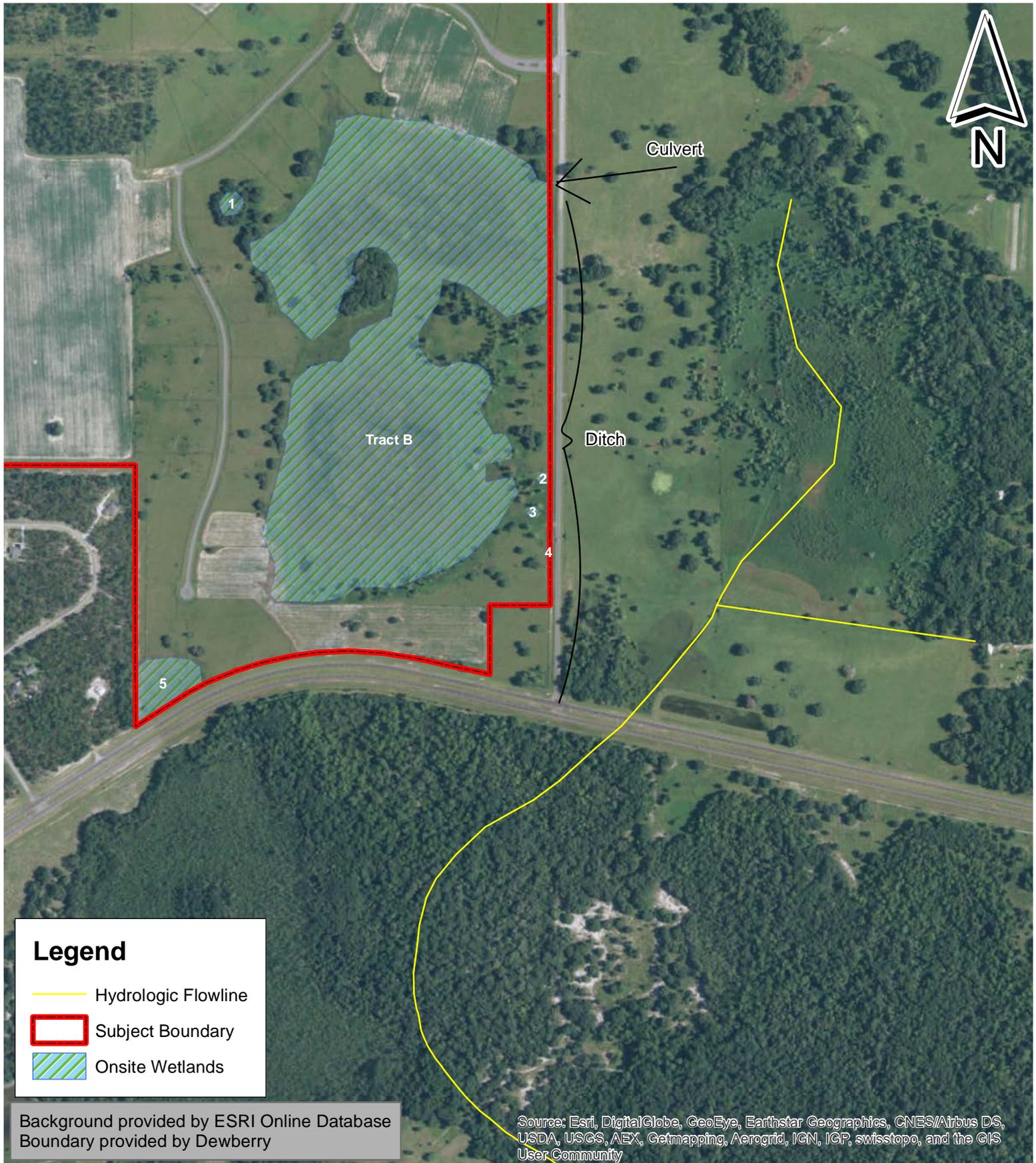


Panasoffkee Preserve

Ecological Assessment
 Figure 5- Flowline Map
 Location in Sections 29, 30, and 32, T18S, R22E
 Sumter County, Florida



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Legend

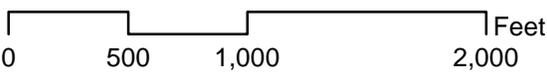
-  Hydrologic Flowline
-  Subject Boundary
-  Onsite Wetlands

Background provided by ESRI Online Database
 Boundary provided by Dewberry

Source: Esri, DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community

Panasoffkee Preserve

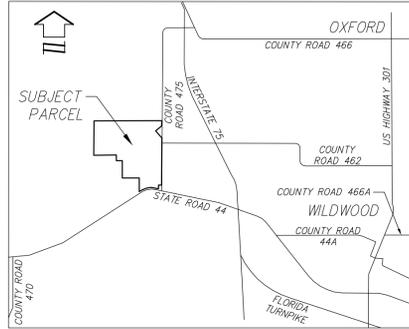
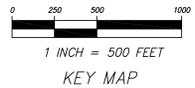
Ecological Assessment
 Figure 6- Flowline Map (Zoomed)
 Location in Sections 29, 30, and 32, T18S, R22E
 Sumter County, Florida



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LEGEND AND ABBREVIATIONS:

- ± MORE OR LESS
- EL. ELEVATION
- LB. LICENSED BUSINESS
- NO. NUMBER
- LS. LAND SURVEYOR
- I.D. IDENTIFICATION
- ORB. OFFICIAL RECORDS BOOK
- C. CENTERLINE
- R. RADIUS
- L. ARC LENGTH
- Δ. DELTA (CENTRAL ANGLE)
- CH. CHORD LENGTH
- CB. CHORD BEARING
- POC. POINT ON CURVE
- POL. POINT ON LINE
- PCC. POINT OF COMPOUND CURVATURE
- PRC. POINT OF REVERSE CURVATURE
- PC. POINT OF CURVATURE
- PT. POINT OF TANGENCY
- PI. POINT OF INTERSECTION
- P.O.C. POINT OF COMMENCEMENT
- P.O.B. POINT OF BEGINNING
- FEMA. FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
- SWFWD. SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT
- PB. PLAT BOOK
- OR. OFFICIAL RECORDS BOOK
- PC. POINT OF CURVATURE
- R/W. RIGHT OF WAY
- ESMT. EASEMENT
- SEC. SECTION
- FND. FOUND
- REC. RECOVERED
- CCR. CERTIFIED CORNER RECORD
- RLS. REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR
- CM. CONCRETE MONUMENT
- IRC. IRON ROD AND CAP
- IR. IRON ROD
- IP. IRON PIPE
- CLF. CHAIN LINK FENCE
- FOUND CONCRETE MONUMENT AS NOTED
- FOUND NAIL AS NOTED
- FOUND NAIL & DISK AS NOTED
- ⊙ SET NAIL & DISK (LB 8011)
- FOUND IRON ROD & CAP AS NOTED
- FOUND IRON ROD AS NOTED
- SET 5/8" IRON ROD & CAP (LB 8011)
- * WETLAND FLAG



VICINITY MAP: NOT TO SCALE

LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

THE LAND REFERRED TO HEREIN BELOW IS SITUATED IN THE COUNTY OF SUMTER, STATE OF FLORIDA, AND IS DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

ALL OF SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST, LESS THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 30, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST, THE NORTHEAST 1/4 THEREOF AND THE NORTH 1/2 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 32, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST, THAT PORTION OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 LYING NORTH OF STATE ROAD 44, THAT PORTION OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 LYING NORTH OF STATE ROAD 44, THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4, AND THE EAST 1/2 OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4, EXCEPT RIGHTS OF WAY STATE ROADS NOS. 44 AND 475.

ALSO:
N 1/2 OF NE 1/4 AND ALL THAT PART OF THE SE 1/4 OF THE NE 1/4 LYING NORTH OF STATE ROAD 44; ALL IN SECTION 32, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST, LESS RIGHTS OF WAY OF STATE ROAD 44 AND STATE ROAD 475.

LESS:
THAT PART OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF SECTION 29, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST, SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA, MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS: FROM THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 29, RUN NORTH 019°34' WEST ALONG THE EAST BOUNDARY OF THE AFORESAID NORTHEAST 1/4 A DISTANCE OF 578.72 FEET TO THE SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY OF THE FLORIDA POWER CORPORATION CRYSTAL-RIVER CENTRAL FLORIDA TRANSMISSION LINE, THENCE NORTH 41°31'04" WEST ALONG SAID SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY 78.14 FEET TO THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY OF C-475 AND HEREBY DESIGNATED AS THE POINT OF BEGINNING OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED PARCEL OF LAND. FROM SAID POINT OF BEGINNING CONTINUE NORTH 41°31'04" WEST ALONG THE AFORESAID SOUTHERLY RIGHT-OF-WAY 1,099.16 FEET, THENCE NORTH 50°52'12" EAST 927.47 FEET TO THE WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY OF C-475, THENCE SOUTH 0°22'17" EAST ALONG SAID WEST RIGHT-OF-WAY 1408.33 FEET TO THE POINT OF BEGINNING AND END OF THIS DESCRIPTION.

ALSO LESS:
PARCEL NO. 114
THAT PART OF:
THAT PORTION OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 LYING NORTH OF STATE ROAD 44, AND THAT PORTION OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 LYING NORTH OF STATE ROAD 44, SECTION 32, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST, EXCEPT RIGHTS OF WAY STATE ROADS NOS. 44 AND 475.

AND
N 1/2 OF NE 1/4 AND ALL THAT PART OF THE SE 1/4 OF THE NE 1/4 LYING NORTH OF SR 44; ALL IN SECTION 32, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST; LESS RIGHTS OF WAY OF SR 44 AND SR 475.
BEING A PORTION OF LANDS AS DESCRIBED IN OFFICIAL RECORD BOOK 834, PAGE 802, PUBLIC RECORDS OF SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA.

LYING WITHIN THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED BOUNDARIES:
COMMENCE AT THE NORTHEAST CORNER OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF SECTION 32, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST, SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA; THENCE ALONG THE EAST LINE OF SAID SECTION 32, SOUTH 0°01'06" WEST, 803.393 METERS (2636.80 FEET) TO THE NORTH LINE OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 32; THENCE CONTINUE ALONG SAID EAST LINE SOUTH 0°01'04" WEST 50.32 METERS (164.47 FEET) TO THE INTERSECTION OF THE CENTERLINE OF THE SURVEY OF STATE ROAD NO. 44 AND THE EAST LINE OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 32 AS SHOWN ON THE STATE OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION RIGHT OF WAY MAP P.P. NO. 240373 (SECTION 18070) FOR THE POINT OF BEGINNING; THENCE NORTH 78°13'32" WEST, ALONG SAID CENTERLINE OF SURVEY, 360.598 METERS (1248.68 FEET) TO THE BEGINNING OF A CURVE CONCAVE SOUTHERLY HAVING A RADIUS OF 436.685 METERS (1432.69 FEET) AND A CHORD BEARING OF SOUTH 79°18'31" WEST; THENCE ALONG THE ARC OF SAID CURVE A DISTANCE OF 342.451 METERS (1123.52 FEET) THROUGH A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 44°55'54" TO THE END OF SAID CURVE; THENCE SOUTH 56°50'34" WEST 128.636 METERS (422.03 FEET) TO THE WEST LINE OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SECTION 32; THENCE ALONG SAID WEST LINE NORTH 0°07'10" EAST, 29.140 METERS (95.60 FEET); THENCE NORTH 56°51'16" EAST 75.141 METERS (246.52 FEET) TO THE BEGINNING OF A CURVE CONCAVE SOUTHERLY HAVING A NORTH RADIUS OF 625.00 METERS (2050.52 FEET) AND A CHORD BEARING OF NORTH 59°40'55" EAST; THENCE ALONG THE ARC OF SAID CURVE A DISTANCE OF 61.691 METERS (202.40 FEET) THROUGH A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 05°39'19" TO THE NORTH LINE OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 32 AND THE BEGINNING OF A CURVE CONCAVE SOUTHERLY HAVING A RADIUS OF 625.00 METERS (2050.52 FEET) AND A CHORD BEARING OF NORTH 76°13'51" EAST; THENCE ALONG THE ARC OF SAID CURVE A DISTANCE OF 299.351 METERS (982.12 FEET) THROUGH A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 27°26'33" TO THE EAST LINE OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 32 AND THE BEGINNING OF A CURVE CONCAVE SOUTHERLY HAVING A RADIUS OF 625.00 METERS (2050.52 FEET) AND A CHORD BEARING OF SOUTH 84°08'12" EAST; THENCE ALONG THE ARC OF SAID CURVE A DISTANCE OF 128.960 METERS (423.10 FEET) THROUGH A CENTRAL ANGLE OF 11°49'20" TO THE END OF SAID CURVE; THENCE SOUTH 78°13'32" EAST 265.197 METERS (870.07 FEET) TO THE SOUTH LINE OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 32; THENCE ALONG SAID SOUTH LINE NORTH 89°43'12" EAST 1.147 METERS (3.76 FEET)

LEGAL DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED):

TO THE EXISTING WESTERLY RIGHT OF WAY LINE OF COUNTY ROAD 475; THENCE ALONG SAID WESTERLY RIGHT OF WAY LINE SOUTH 0°01'06" WEST 0.245 METERS (0.80 FOOT); THENCE SOUTH 78°13'32" EAST 15.567 METERS (51.07 FEET) TO THE AFORESAID EAST LINE OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF THE SOUTHWEST 1/4 OF SAID SECTION 32; THENCE ALONG SAID EAST LINE SOUTH 0°01'04" WEST 48.837 METERS (160.31 FEET) TO SAID CENTERLINE AND THE POINT OF BEGINNING.
LESS AND EXCEPT THE FOLLOWING RELEASED PARCEL:
TRACT A, THE HIGHLANDS AT OAK HILL, PHASE ONE, AS MORE PARTICULARLY DESCRIBED IN THE PARTIAL RELEASE OF MORTGAGE DATED AUGUST 12, 2008 AND RECORDED AUGUST 18, 2008 IN BOOK 1985, PAGE 540, PUBLIC RECORDS OF SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA.

SURVEY NOTES:

1. THE SPECIFIC PURPOSE OF THIS SURVEY IS TO SHOW THE WETLAND LINE DELINEATED AND FLAGGED BY DEWBERRY ENGINEERS, INC. ENVIRONMENTAL TEAM AND FIELD LOCATED ON AUGUST 11, 2015 FOR PERMITTING WITH SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT TOGETHER WITH THE EXISTING WETLAND PRESERVATION AREAS PLATTED IN THE HIGHLANDS AT OAK HILL, PHASE ONE RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 9, PAGES 25-25E. THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY.
2. BEARINGS SHOWN HEREON ARE ASSUMED AND BASED ON THE NORTH LINE OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF SECTION 30, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST, AS BEING N89°33'16"E.
3. COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON THE STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM WEST ZONE NORTH AMERICAN DATUM OF 1983 (NAD83) WITH 2011 ADJUSTMENT.
4. ACCORDING TO FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY'S FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP (FIRM) PANEL NO. 12119C00440 AND 12119C00630, SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA, EFFECTIVE DATE OF SEPTEMBER 27, 2013, THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED HEREON LIES WITHIN ZONE(S) "X" (AREAS DETERMINED TO BE OUTSIDE THE 0.2% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOODPLAIN) AND ZONE "A" (NO BASE FLOOD ELEVATIONS DETERMINED).
5. BOUNDARY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON IS FOR INFORMATIONAL PURPOSES ONLY AND IS FROM A PREVIOUS BOUNDARY SURVEY PROVIDED BY THE CLIENT FROM FARNER BARLEY AND ASSOCIATES, INC. UNDER JOB NUMBER 131273.0000, DATED JANUARY 20, 2014.

SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATE:

I HEREBY CERTIFY THIS SURVEY MEETS THE APPLICABLE "STANDARDS OF PRACTICE" AS SET FORTH BY THE FLORIDA BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS AND MAPPERS IN RULE 5J17.050-052, FLORIDA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.

William D. Donley
WILLIAM D. DONLEY
FLORIDA LICENSED SURVEYOR & MAPPER NO. LS 5381

09/14/15
DATE

THIS SURVEY IS NOT VALID WITHOUT THE SIGNATURE AND ORIGINAL RAISED SEAL OF A FLORIDA LICENSED SURVEYOR AND MAPPER.

REVISIONS			Dewberry	520 SOUTH MAGNOLIA AVENUE ORLANDO, FLORIDA 32801 PHONE: 321.354.9826 FAX: 407.648.9104 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM	THE HIGHLANDS AT OAK HILL PHASE ONE AND PHASE 1A AND PORTIONS OF LANDS SITUATED IN SECTION 29, 30 AND 32, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA	SPECIFIC PURPOSE SURVEY FOR WALTON DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT	FB/PG	FIELD DATE	PROJECT NO.	1 OF 2	
DATE	DRAWN						REVISION	CKD	29-18-22 / 4-6		08/11/15
								DRAWING DATE	BY	APPROVED	SCALE
								08/24/15	TRC	WDD	1" = 500'

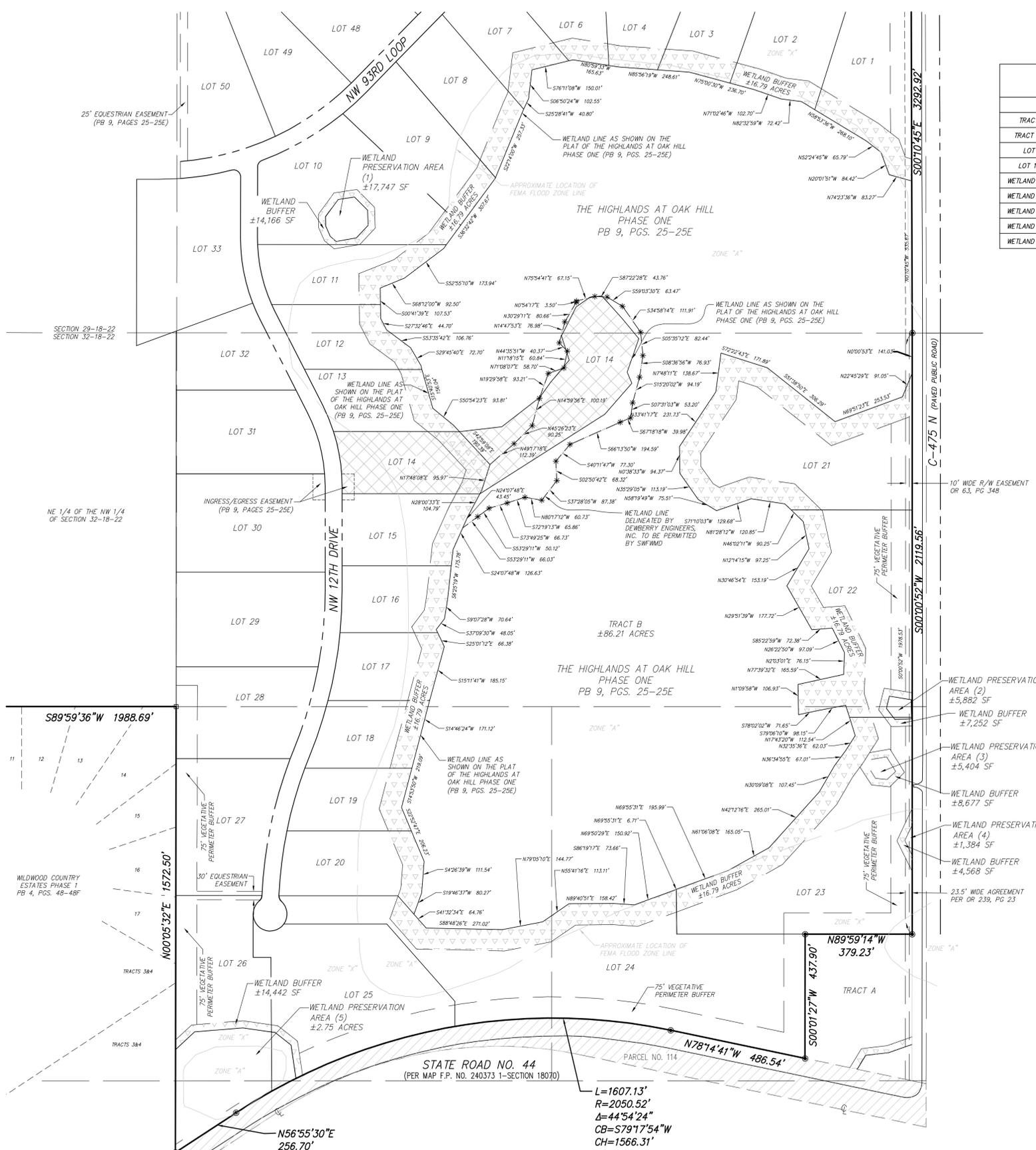
Drawing name: S:\Wetland_Village at Panacea\Phase 1a\Wetland_Survey\Wetlands.dwg SHEET 2 Sep 14, 2015 11:50am by: lcamden

LEGEND AND ABBREVIATIONS:

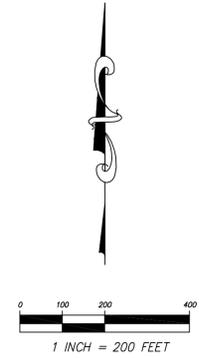
- ± MORE OR LESS
- EL. ELEVATION
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- LS LAND SURVEYOR
- ID. IDENTIFICATION
- ORB OFFICIAL RECORDS BOOK
- C CENTERLINE
- R RADIUS
- L ARC LENGTH
- Δ DELTA (CENTRAL ANGLE)
- CH CHORD LENGTH
- CB CHORD BEARING
- POC POINT ON CURVE
- POL POINT ON LINE
- PCC POINT OF COMPOUND CURVATURE
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- P.O.C. POINT OF COMMENCEMENT
- P.O.B. POINT OF BEGINNING
- FEMA FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY
- SWFMD SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT
- PB OFFICIAL RECORDS BOOK
- OR OFFICIAL RECORDS BOOK
- PG(S) PAGE(S)
- R/W RIGHT OF WAY
- ESMT EASEMENT
- SEC SECTION
- FND FOUND
- REC RECOVERED
- CCR CERTIFIED CORNER RECORD
- RLS REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR
- CM CONCRETE MONUMENT
- IRC IRON ROD AND CAP
- IR IRON ROD
- IP IRON PIPE
- CLF CHAIN LINK FENCE
- FOUND CONCRETE MONUMENT AS NOTED
- FOUND NAIL AS NOTED
- FOUND NAIL & DISK AS NOTED
- FOUND IRON ROD & CAP AS NOTED
- FOUND IRON ROD AS NOTED
- SET 5/8" IRON ROD & CAP (LB 8011)
- * WETLAND FLAG

— LINE BREAK
— FENCE LINE AS NOTED

WETLAND BUFFER
LOT 14



WETLAND PRESERVATION AREA ACREAGE TABLE		
WETLAND	ACREAGE	BUFFER ACREAGE
TRACT B WETLAND (PLAT)	±86.20 ACRES	±16.32 ACRES
TRACT B WETLAND (REVISED)	±84.81 ACRES	N/A
LOT 14 WETLAND (PLAT)	±3.53 ACRES	±0.47 ACRES
LOT 14 WETLAND (REVISED)	±0.51 ACRES	N/A
WETLAND PRESERVATION AREA (1)	±0.41 ACRES	±0.33 ACRES
WETLAND PRESERVATION AREA (2)	±0.14 ACRES	±0.17 ACRES
WETLAND PRESERVATION AREA (3)	±0.12 ACRES	±0.20 ACRES
WETLAND PRESERVATION AREA (4)	±0.03 ACRES	±0.10 ACRES
WETLAND PRESERVATION AREA (5)	±2.75 ACRES	±0.33 ACRES



REVISIONS				
FB/PG	DATE	DRAWN	REVISION	CKD

Dewberry
 520 SOUTH MAGNOLIA AVENUE
 ORLANDO, FLORIDA 32801
 PHONE: 321.354.9826 FAX: 407.648.9104
 WWW.DEWBERRY.COM
 CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NO. LB 8011

THE HIGHLANDS AT OAK HILL PHASE ONE AND PHASE 1A AND PORTIONS OF LANDS SITUATED IN SECTION 29, 30 AND 32, TOWNSHIP 18 SOUTH, RANGE 22 EAST SUMTER COUNTY, FLORIDA

SPECIFIC PURPOSE SURVEY FOR WALTON DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT

FB/PG	FIELD DATE	PROJECT NO.	2 OF 2
29-18-22 / 4-6	08/11/15	50069719	
DRAWING DATE	BY	APPROVED	SCALE
08/24/15	TRC	WDD	1" = 200'

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: Tract B
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.) upland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°53'5.9" N Long: 82°7'31.8" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Candler sand, 0 to 5 percent slope NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ____ Surface Water (A1) ____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ____ High Water Table (A2) ____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ____ Saturation (A3) ____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ____ Water Marks (B1) ____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ____ Sediment Deposits (B2) ____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ____ Drift Deposits (B3) ____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ____ Iron Deposits (B5) ____ Other (Explain in Remarks) ____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> ____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ____ Drainage Patterns (B10) ____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) ____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ____ Geomorphic Position (D2) ____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ____ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ____ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photos available	
Remarks: Upland data point for Tract B wetland	

VEGETATION (Four Strata) - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point Tract B

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status		
Tree Stratum (Plot size: 20ft)					
1. <u>Quercus virginiana (Oak, live)</u>	40	Y	FACU	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>25</u> (A/B)	
2. _____					
3. _____					
4. _____					
5. _____					
6. _____					
7. _____					
8. _____					
50 % of total cover: <u>20</u>	<u>40</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>8</u>		Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species <u>0</u> x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species <u>0</u> X 2 = <u>0</u> FAC species <u>15</u> X 3 = <u>45</u> FACU species <u>110</u> X 4 = <u>440</u> UPL species <u>0</u> X 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals: <u>125</u> (A) <u>485</u> (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>3.88</u>	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)					
1. _____					
2. _____					
3. _____					
4. _____					
5. _____					
6. _____					
7. _____					
8. _____					
20ft <u>0</u>	<u>0</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>			
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)					
1. <u>Paspalum notatum (Grass, bahia)</u>	45	Y	FACU	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>1</u> – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>2</u> – Dominance Test is > 50% <u>3</u> – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.	
2. <u>Cynodon dactylon (Grass, bermuda)</u>	25	Y	FACU		
3. _____					
4. _____					
5. _____					
6. _____					
7. _____					
8. _____					
9. _____					
10. _____					
11. _____					
12. _____					
50 % of total cover: <u>35</u>	<u>70</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>14</u>			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 20ft)					
1. <u>Vitis rotundifolia (Grape, muscadine)</u>	15	Y	FAC	Definitions of Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH). Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH. Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height. Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.	
2. _____					
3. _____					
4. _____					
5. _____					
50 % of total cover: <u>7.5</u>	<u>15</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>3</u>			
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u>X</u>	

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: Tract B

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-8	10YR4/2				N/A	N/A	N/A	
8-30	10YR6/4				N/A	N/A	N/A	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5)
- Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)
- 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)
- Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)

- Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)
- Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F1) (LRR O)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Marl (F10) (LRR U)
- Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
- Iron Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
- Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
- Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 153B)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:
 Sandy upland soils

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: Tract B
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): wetland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°53'7.3" N Long: 82°7'23.5" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Placid fine sand, depressional NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) <input type="checkbox"/> Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Depth (inches): <u>30-40</u> Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photos available	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION (Four Strata) - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point Tract B

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status		
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>20ft</u>)					
1. <u>Myrica cerifera (Bayberry,southern)</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _____ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A/B)	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____		
3. _____	_____	_____	_____		
4. _____	_____	_____	_____		
5. _____	_____	_____	_____		
6. _____	_____	_____	_____		
7. _____	_____	_____	_____		
8. _____	_____	_____	_____		
50 % of total cover: <u>2.5</u>		<u>5</u> = Total Cover		Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ X 2 = _____ FAC species _____ X 3 = _____ FACU species _____ X 4 = _____ UPL species _____ X 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____	
20 % of total cover: <u>1</u>					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)					
1. _____	_____	_____	_____		
2. _____	_____	_____	_____		
3. _____	_____	_____	_____		
4. _____	_____	_____	_____		
5. _____	_____	_____	_____		
6. _____	_____	_____	_____		
7. _____	_____	_____	_____		
8. _____	_____	_____	_____		
20ft <u>0</u>		<u>0</u> = Total Cover		Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 – Dominance Test is > 50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0 ¹ <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or probl matic.	
20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>					
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)					
1. <u>Panicum hemitomom (Maiden-cane)</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>		Definitions of Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH). Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH. Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height. Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
2. <u>Ascyrum edisonianum (St. john's-wort,edison's)</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>OBL</u>		
3. _____	_____	_____	_____		
4. _____	_____	_____	_____		
5. _____	_____	_____	_____		
6. _____	_____	_____	_____		
7. _____	_____	_____	_____		
8. _____	_____	_____	_____		
9. _____	_____	_____	_____		
10. _____	_____	_____	_____		
11. _____	_____	_____	_____		
12. _____	_____	_____	_____		
50 % of total cover: <u>30</u>		<u>60</u> = Total Cover			
20 % of total cover: <u>12</u>					
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)					
1. _____	_____	_____	_____		
2. _____	_____	_____	_____		
3. _____	_____	_____	_____		
4. _____	_____	_____	_____		
5. _____	_____	_____	_____		
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		<u>0</u> = Total Cover		Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____	
20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>					

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 1
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.) Upland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°53'16.6" N Long: 82°7'35.1" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Candler sand, 0 to 5 percent slope NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks: 	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ____ Surface Water (A1) ____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ____ High Water Table (A2) ____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ____ Saturation (A3) ____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ____ Water Marks (B1) ____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ____ Sediment Deposits (B2) ____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ____ Drift Deposits (B3) ____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ____ Iron Deposits (B5) ____ Other (Explain in Remarks) ____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> ____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ____ Drainage Patterns (B10) ____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) ____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ____ Geomorphic Position (D2) ____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ____ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ____ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photographs are available	
Remarks: This is an upland data point for Wetland 1	

VEGETATION (Four Strata) - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point 1

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status																	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>20ft</u>)																				
1. <u>Quercus virginiana (Oak, live)</u>	<u>90</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0</u> (A/B)																
2. _____																				
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
5. _____																				
6. _____																				
7. _____																				
8. _____																				
50 % of total cover: <u>45</u>	<u>90</u>	= Total Cover			Prevalence Index worksheet: <table style="width:100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width:50%; text-align: right;">Total % Cover of:</td> <td style="width:50%; text-align: left;">Multiply by:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>OBL species <u>0</u></td> <td>x 1 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACW species <u>0</u></td> <td>X 2 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FAC species <u>0</u></td> <td>X 3 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>FACU species <u>170</u></td> <td>X 4 = <u>680</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>UPL species <u>0</u></td> <td>X 5 = <u>0</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Column Totals: <u>170</u></td> <td>(A) <u>680</u> (B)</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>4</u></td> </tr> </table>	Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:	OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>	FACW species <u>0</u>	X 2 = <u>0</u>	FAC species <u>0</u>	X 3 = <u>0</u>	FACU species <u>170</u>	X 4 = <u>680</u>	UPL species <u>0</u>	X 5 = <u>0</u>	Column Totals: <u>170</u>	(A) <u>680</u> (B)	Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>4</u>
Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:																			
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>																			
FACW species <u>0</u>	X 2 = <u>0</u>																			
FAC species <u>0</u>	X 3 = <u>0</u>																			
FACU species <u>170</u>	X 4 = <u>680</u>																			
UPL species <u>0</u>	X 5 = <u>0</u>																			
Column Totals: <u>170</u>	(A) <u>680</u> (B)																			
Prevalence Index = B/A = <u>4</u>																				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)																				
1. _____				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>1</u> – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <u>2</u> – Dominance Test is > 50% <u>3</u> – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0 ¹ <u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)																
2. _____																				
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
5. _____																				
6. _____																				
7. _____																				
8. _____																				
20ft <u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover			Definitions of Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH). Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH. Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height. Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.															
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)																				
1. <u>Cynodon dactylon (Grass, bermuda)</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u> </u> No <u> X </u>																
2. <u>Paspalum notatum (Grass, bahia)</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>																	
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
5. _____																				
6. _____																				
7. _____																				
8. _____																				
9. _____																				
10. _____																				
50 % of total cover: <u>40</u>	<u>80</u>	= Total Cover																		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)																				
1. _____																				
2. _____																				
3. _____																				
4. _____																				
5. _____																				
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover																		

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: 1

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-8	10YR4/2				N/A	N/A	N/A	
8-30	10YR6/4				N/A	N/A	N/A	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5)
- Organic Bodies (A6) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- Muck Presence (A8) **(LRR U)**
- 1 cm Muck (A9) **(LRR P, T)**
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) **(MLRA 150A)**
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) **(LRR O, S)**
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Dark Surface (S7) **(LRR P, S, T, U)**

- Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) **(LRR S, T, U)**
- Thin Dark Surface (S9) **(LRR S, T, U)**
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F1) **(LRR O)**
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Marl (F10) **(LRR U)**
- Depleted Ochric (F11) **(MLRA 151)**
- Iron Manganese Masses (F12) **(LRR O, P, T)**
- Umbric Surface (F13) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- Delta Ochric (F17) **(MLRA 151)**
- Reduced Vertic (F18) **(MLRA 150A, 150B)**
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(MLRA 149A)**
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) **(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)**

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) **(LRR O)**
- 2 cm Muck (A10) **(LRR S)**
- Reduced Vertic (F18) **(outside MLRA 150A,B)**
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(LRR P, S, T)**
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) **(MLRA 153B)**
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:
 Sandy upland soils

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 1
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): wetland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°53'17.7" N Long: 82°7'34.5" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Candler sand, 0 to 5 percent slope NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks: 	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) <input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) <input type="checkbox"/> Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photos are available	
Remarks: Wetland 1 appears to be an old sinkhole	

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>20ft</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _____ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A/B)
1. <u>Salix caroliniana (Willow,coastal-plain)</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
50 % of total cover: <u>10</u>	<u>20</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>4</u>		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ X 2 = _____ FAC species _____ X 3 = _____ FACU species _____ X 4 = _____ UPL species _____ X 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
20ft <u>0</u>	<u>0</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 – Dominance Test is > 50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0 ¹ <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or probl matic.
1. <u>Cephalanthus occidentalis (Buttonbush,common)</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
2. <u>Panicum hemitomom (Maiden-cane)</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
11. _____				
12. _____				
50 % of total cover: <u>22.5</u>	<u>45</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>9</u>		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Definitions of Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH). Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH. Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height. Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>	<u>0</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____				

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 2
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): upland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°53'0.8" N Long: 82°7'14.2" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Myakka sand NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ____ Surface Water (A1) ____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ____ High Water Table (A2) ____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ____ Saturation (A3) ____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ____ Water Marks (B1) ____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ____ Sediment Deposits (B2) ____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ____ Drift Deposits (B3) ____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ____ Iron Deposits (B5) ____ Other (Explain in Remarks) ____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> ____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ____ Drainage Patterns (B10) ____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) ____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ____ Geomorphic Position (D2) ____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ____ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ____ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photographs	
Remarks: This is an upland data point for Wetland 2	

VEGETATION (Four Strata) - Use scientific names of plants.

Sampling Point 2

Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. _____	_____	_____	_____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>0</u> = Total Cover		
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>	20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		

Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. _____	_____	_____	_____
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>0</u> = Total Cover		
10ft <u>0</u>	20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		

Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>Paspalum notatum (Grass,bahia)</u>	<u>95</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
6. _____	_____	_____	_____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____
9. _____	_____	_____	_____
10. _____	_____	_____	_____
11. _____	_____	_____	_____
12. _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>95</u> = Total Cover		
50 % of total cover: <u>47.5</u>	20 % of total cover: <u>19</u>		

Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: <u>10ft</u>)	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1. <u>Passiflora edulis (Passion-flower,purple)</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACU</u>
2. _____	_____	_____	_____
3. _____	_____	_____	_____
4. _____	_____	_____	_____
5. _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>5</u> = Total Cover		
50 % of total cover: <u>2.5</u>	20 % of total cover: <u>1</u>		

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>
FACW species <u>0</u>	X 2 = <u>0</u>
FAC species <u>0</u>	X 3 = <u>0</u>
FACU species <u>100</u>	X 4 = <u>400</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	X 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>100</u>	(A) <u>400</u> (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = 4

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation

2 – Dominance Test is > 50%

3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0¹

 Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or probl matic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).

Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.

Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.

Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?

Yes No X

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: 2

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-6	N2.5/				N/A	N/A	N/A	
6-12	10YR5/1				N/A	N/A	N/A	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5)
- Organic Bodies (A6) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- Muck Presence (A8) **(LRR U)**
- 1 cm Muck (A9) **(LRR P, T)**
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) **(MLRA 150A)**
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) **(LRR O, S)**
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Dark Surface (S7) **(LRR P, S, T, U)**

- Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) **(LRR S, T, U)**
- Thin Dark Surface (S9) **(LRR S, T, U)**
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F1) **(LRR O)**
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Marl (F10) **(LRR U)**
- Depleted Ochric (F11) **(MLRA 151)**
- Iron Manganese Masses (F12) **(LRR O, P, T)**
- Umbric Surface (F13) **(LRR P, T, U)**
- Delta Ochric (F17) **(MLRA 151)**
- Reduced Vertic (F18) **(MLRA 150A, 150B)**
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(MLRA 149A)**
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) **(MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)**

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) **(LRR O)**
- 2 cm Muck (A10) **(LRR S)**
- Reduced Vertic (F18) **(outside MLRA 150A,B)**
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) **(LRR P, S, T)**
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) **(MLRA 153B)**
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:
Sandy upland soils

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016

Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 2

Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32

Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): wetland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____

Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°53'0.8" N Long: 82°7'13" W Datum: _____

Soil Map Unit Name: Immokalee sand NWI Classification: _____

Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)

Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No _____

Are Vegetation _____, Soil _____, or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No _____
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) _____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) _____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) _____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) _____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) _____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) _____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) _____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5) _____ Other (Explain in Remarks) <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	_____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) _____ Drainage Patterns (B10) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) _____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) _____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) _____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) _____ Geomorphic Position (D2) _____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) _____ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Depth (inches): <u>4-6</u> Water Table Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photos are available	
Remarks:	

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>10ft</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _____ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A/B)
1. <u>Salix caroliniana (Willow,coastal-plain)</u>	10	Y	OBL	
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
_____ = Total Cover 50 % of total cover: <u>5</u> 20 % of total cover: <u>2</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
_____ = Total Cover 10ft <u>0</u> 20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 – Dominance Test is > 50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0 ¹ <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or probl matic.
1. <u>Cephalanthus occidentalis (Buttonbush,common)</u>	25	Y	OBL	
2. <u>Panicum hemitomom (Maiden-cane)</u>	10	Y	OBL	
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
11. _____				
12. _____				
_____ = Total Cover 50 % of total cover: <u>17.5</u> 20 % of total cover: <u>7</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Definitions of Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH). Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH. Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height. Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
_____ = Total Cover 50 % of total cover: <u>0</u> 20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____				

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 3
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.) upland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°52'58.3" N Long: 82°7'14.4" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Myakka sand NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ___ Surface Water (A1) ___ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ___ High Water Table (A2) ___ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ___ Saturation (A3) ___ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ___ Water Marks (B1) ___ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ___ Sediment Deposits (B2) ___ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ___ Drift Deposits (B3) ___ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ___ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ___ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ___ Iron Deposits (B5) ___ Other (Explain in Remarks) ___ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ___ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> ___ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ___ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ___ Drainage Patterns (B10) ___ Moss Trim Lines (B16) ___ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ___ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ___ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ___ Geomorphic Position (D2) ___ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ___ <u>X</u> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ___ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photos are available	
Remarks:	

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>10ft</u>)				
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		<u>0</u> = Total Cover		
20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
10ft <u>0</u>		<u>0</u> = Total Cover		
20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.	<u>Amphicarpum muhlenbergianum</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>FACW</u>
2.	<u>Rubus alumnus (Blackberry, old field)</u>	<u>15</u>		<u>NI</u>
3.				
4.				
5.				
6.				
7.				
8.				
9.				
10.				
11.				
12.				
50 % of total cover: <u>40</u>		<u>80</u> = Total Cover		
20 % of total cover: <u>16</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.				
2.				
3.				
4.				
5.				
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		<u>0</u> = Total Cover		
20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 1 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species _____	x 1 = _____
FACW species _____	X 2 = _____
FAC species _____	X 3 = _____
FACU species _____	X 4 = _____
UPL species _____	X 5 = _____
Column Totals: _____	(A) _____ (B) _____

Prevalence Index = B/A = _____

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

 1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation

2 – Dominance Test is > 50%

 3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0¹

 Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).

Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.

Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.

Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: 3

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-6	N2.5/				N/A	N/A	N/A	
6-12	10YR5/1				N/A	N/A	N/A	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5)
- Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)
- 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)
- Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)

- Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)
- Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F1) (LRR O)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Marl (F10) (LRR U)
- Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
- Iron Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
- Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
- Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 153B)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:
 Sandy upland soils

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 3
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): wetland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°52'58.3" N Long: 82°7'13.4" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Immokalee sand NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) ___ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ___ High Water Table (A2) ___ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) ___ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) ___ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ___ Sediment Deposits (B2) ___ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ___ Drift Deposits (B3) ___ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ___ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ___ Iron Deposits (B5) ___ Other (Explain in Remarks) ___ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ___ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ___ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ___ Drainage Patterns (B10) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) ___ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ___ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ___ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ___ Geomorphic Position (D2) ___ Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ___ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Depth (inches): <u>4-6</u> Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photographs are available	
Remarks:	

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>10ft</u>)				
1. <u>Salix caroliniana (Willow,coastal-plain)</u>	<u>50</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _____ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A/B)
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
50 % of total cover: <u>25</u>	<u>50</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>10</u>		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____				Prevalence Index worksheet: Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: OBL species _____ x 1 = _____ FACW species _____ X 2 = _____ FAC species _____ X 3 = _____ FACU species _____ X 4 = _____ UPL species _____ X 5 = _____ Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B) Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
10ft <u>0</u>	<u>0</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. <u>Panicum hemitomon (Maiden-cane)</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 – Dominance Test is > 50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0 ¹ <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or probl matic.
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
11. _____				
12. _____				
50 % of total cover: <u>10</u>	<u>20</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>4</u>		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____				Definitions of Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH). Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH. Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height. Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>	<u>0</u> = Total Cover	20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		
				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 4
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): Upland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°52'56" N Long: 82°7'13.3" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Myakka sand NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Hydric Soil Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks: 	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ____ Surface Water (A1) ____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ____ High Water Table (A2) ____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ____ Saturation (A3) ____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ____ Water Marks (B1) ____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ____ Sediment Deposits (B2) ____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ____ Drift Deposits (B3) ____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ____ Iron Deposits (B5) ____ Other (Explain in Remarks) ____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> ____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ____ Drainage Patterns (B10) ____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) ____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ____ Geomorphic Position (D2) ____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) ____ FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ____ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photos available	
Remarks: Upland data point for Wetland 4	

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.	_____	_____	_____	
2.	_____	_____	_____	
3.	_____	_____	_____	
4.	_____	_____	_____	
5.	_____	_____	_____	
6.	_____	_____	_____	
7.	_____	_____	_____	
8.	_____	_____	_____	
	0	= Total Cover		
50 % of total cover:	0	20 % of total cover:	0	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.	_____	_____	_____	
2.	_____	_____	_____	
3.	_____	_____	_____	
4.	_____	_____	_____	
5.	_____	_____	_____	
6.	_____	_____	_____	
7.	_____	_____	_____	
8.	_____	_____	_____	
	0	= Total Cover		
10ft	0	20 % of total cover:	0	
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.	Paspalum notatum (Grass,bahia)	95	Y	FACU
2.	_____	_____	_____	_____
3.	_____	_____	_____	_____
4.	_____	_____	_____	_____
5.	_____	_____	_____	_____
6.	_____	_____	_____	_____
7.	_____	_____	_____	_____
8.	_____	_____	_____	_____
9.	_____	_____	_____	_____
10.	_____	_____	_____	_____
11.	_____	_____	_____	_____
12.	_____	_____	_____	_____
	95	= Total Cover		
50 % of total cover:	47.5	20 % of total cover:	19	
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.	_____	_____	_____	
2.	_____	_____	_____	
3.	_____	_____	_____	
4.	_____	_____	_____	
5.	_____	_____	_____	
	0	= Total Cover		
50 % of total cover:	0	20 % of total cover:	0	

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 1 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 0 (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species <u>0</u>	x 1 = <u>0</u>
FACW species <u>0</u>	X 2 = <u>0</u>
FAC species <u>0</u>	X 3 = <u>0</u>
FACU species <u>95</u>	X 4 = <u>380</u>
UPL species <u>0</u>	X 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals: <u>95</u>	(A) <u>380</u> (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = 4

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

 1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation

 2 – Dominance Test is > 50%

 3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0¹

 Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or probl matic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).

Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.

Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.

Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No X

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: 4

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-6	N2.5/				N/A	N/A	N/A	
6-12	10YR5/1				N/A	N/A	N/A	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5)
- Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)
- 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)
- Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)

- Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)
- Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F1) (LRR O)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Marl (F10) (LRR U)
- Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
- Iron Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
- Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
- Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 153B)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:
 Sandy upland soils

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 4
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): wetland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°52'56" N Long: 82°7'12.5" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Immokalee sand NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)	Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1) <input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Fauna (B13) <input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2) <input type="checkbox"/> Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3) <input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) <input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1) <input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) <input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2) <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) <input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3) <input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) <input type="checkbox"/> Thin Muck Surface (C7) <input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5) <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks) <input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) <input type="checkbox"/> Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) <input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10) <input type="checkbox"/> Moss Trim Lines (B16) <input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2) <input type="checkbox"/> Crayfish Burrows (C8) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) <input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2) <input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) <input type="checkbox"/> Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Depth (inches): <u>1</u> Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Depth (inches): <u>1</u> (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photos are available	
Remarks:	

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: <u>10ft</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _____ (B) Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A/B)
1. <u>Ludwigia octovalvis (Seedbox,mexican)</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
_____ = Total Cover 50 % of total cover: <u>7.5</u> 20 % of total cover: <u>3</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
_____ = Total Cover 10ft <u>0</u> 20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation <input type="checkbox"/> 2 – Dominance Test is > 50% <input type="checkbox"/> 3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0 ¹ <input type="checkbox"/> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or probl matic.
1. <u>Carex rhynchophysa (Sedge,northwest,territory)</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>		
2. <u>Panicum hemitomon (Maiden-cane)</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
11. _____				
12. _____				
_____ = Total Cover 50 % of total cover: <u>20</u> 20 % of total cover: <u>8</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Definitions of Vegetation Strata: Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH). Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH. Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height. Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height. Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
1. _____				
2. _____				
3. _____				
4. _____				
5. _____				
6. _____				
7. _____				
8. _____				
9. _____				
10. _____				
_____ = Total Cover 50 % of total cover: <u>0</u> 20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No _____				

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: 4

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-5	10YR3/1				N/A	N/A	N/A	
5-34	10YR7/1				N/A	N/A	N/A	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5)
- Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)
- 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)
- Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)

- Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)
- Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F1) (LRR O)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Marl (F10) (LRR U)
- Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
- Iron Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
- Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
- Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 153B)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks:

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 5
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.) upland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°52'50.8" N Long: 82°7'38.9" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Tavares fine sand, 0-5% slopes NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks: 	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ____ Surface Water (A1) ____ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ____ High Water Table (A2) ____ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ____ Saturation (A3) ____ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ____ Water Marks (B1) ____ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ____ Sediment Deposits (B2) ____ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ____ Drift Deposits (B3) ____ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) ____ Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ____ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ____ Iron Deposits (B5) ____ Other (Explain in Remarks) ____ Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ____ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> ____ Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ____ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ____ Drainage Patterns (B10) ____ Moss Trim Lines (B16) ____ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ____ Crayfish Burrows (C8) ____ Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ____ Geomorphic Position (D2) ____ Shallow Aquitard (D3) <u>X</u> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ____ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u>
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photos available	
Remarks: Upland data point for Wetland 5	

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Dominance Test worksheet:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A)
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B)
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100</u> (A/B)
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	Prevalence Index worksheet:
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	Total % Cover of: _____ Multiply by: _____
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	OBL species _____ x 1 = _____
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	FACW species _____ X 2 = _____
	0 = Total Cover			FAC species _____ X 3 = _____
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		FACU species _____ X 4 = _____
				UPL species _____ X 5 = _____
				Column Totals: _____ (A) _____ (B)
				Prevalence Index = B/A = _____
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	<u> </u> 1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2 – Dominance Test is > 50%
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	<u> </u> 3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0 ¹
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	<u> </u> Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or probl matic.
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	Definitions of Vegetation Strata:
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.
9. _____	_____	_____	_____	Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.
10. _____	_____	_____	_____	Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.
11. _____	_____	_____	_____	Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.
12. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	0 = Total Cover			Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
10ft <u>0</u>		20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. <u>Amphicarpum muhlenbergianum</u>	70	Y	FACW	
2. <u>Rubus alumnus (Blackberry,old field)</u>	25	Y	NI	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
6. _____	_____	_____	_____	
7. _____	_____	_____	_____	
8. _____	_____	_____	_____	
9. _____	_____	_____	_____	
10. _____	_____	_____	_____	
11. _____	_____	_____	_____	
12. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	95 = Total Cover			
50 % of total cover: <u>47.5</u>		20 % of total cover: <u>19</u>		
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1. _____	_____	_____	_____	
2. _____	_____	_____	_____	
3. _____	_____	_____	_____	
4. _____	_____	_____	_____	
5. _____	_____	_____	_____	
	0 = Total Cover			
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

SOIL

Sampling Point: 5

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-8	10YR3/2				N/A	N/A	N/A	
8-28	10YR5/2				N/A	N/A	N/A	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators:

- Histosol (A1)
- Histic Epipedon (A2)
- Black Histic (A3)
- Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)
- Stratified Layers (A5)
- Organic Bodies (A6) (LRR P, T, U)
- 5 cm Mucky Mineral (A7) (LRR P, T, U)
- Muck Presence (A8) (LRR U)
- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR P, T)
- Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)
- Thick Dark Surface (A12)
- Coast Prairie Redox (A16) (MLRA 150A)
- Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1) (LRR O, S)
- Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)
- Sandy Redox (S5)
- Stripped Matrix (S6)
- Dark Surface (S7) (LRR P, S, T, U)

- Polyvalue Below Surface (S8) (LRR S, T, U)
- Thin Dark Surface (S9) (LRR S, T, U)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F1) (LRR O)
- Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)
- Depleted Matrix (F3)
- Redox Dark Surface (F6)
- Depleted Dark Surface (F7)
- Redox Depressions (F8)
- Marl (F10) (LRR U)
- Depleted Ochric (F11) (MLRA 151)
- Iron Manganese Masses (F12) (LRR O, P, T)
- Umbric Surface (F13) (LRR P, T, U)
- Delta Ochric (F17) (MLRA 151)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (MLRA 150A, 150B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (MLRA 149A)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 149A, 153C, 153D)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

- 1 cm Muck (A9) (LRR O)
- 2 cm Muck (A10) (LRR S)
- Reduced Vertic (F18) (outside MLRA 150A,B)
- Piedmont Floodplain Soils (F19) (LRR P, S, T)
- Anomalous Bright Loamy Soils (F20) (MLRA 153B)
- Red Parent Material (TF2)
- Very Shallow Dark Surface (TF12)
- Other (Explain in Remarks)

³Indicators of Hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if observed):

Type: _____
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:
 Sandy upland soils

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Sapling/Shrub Stratum							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					
17.							29.					
18.							30.					
19.							31.					
Herb Stratum							38.					
13.							39.					
14.							40.					
15.							41.					
16.							42.					
17.							43.					
18.							44.					
19.							45.					
20.							46.					
21.							47.					
22.							48.					
23.							49.					
24.							50.					
25.							51.					
26.							52.					
27.							53.					
28.							54.					
29.							55.					
30.							56.					
31.							57.					
32.							58.					
33.							59.					
34.							60.					
35.							61.					
36.							62.					
37.							63.					
Vine Stratum							17.					
6.							18.					
7.							19.					
8.							20.					
9.							21.					
10.							22.					
11.							23.					
12.							24.					
13.							25.					
14.							26.					
15.							27.					
16.							28.					

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region

Project/Site: Panasoffkee Preserve City/County: Sumter Sampling Date: Dec 10, 2016
 Applicant/Owner: Walton Development and Management State: Florida Sampling Point: 5
 Investigator(s): Clark Modica Section, Township, Range: 29/30/32
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): wetland Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR or MLRA): LRR U Lat: 28°52'47.9" N Long: 82°7'39.4" W Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Placid fine sand, depressional NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic / hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No ____ (If no, explain in Remarks.)
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? Yes X No ____
 Are Vegetation ____, Soil ____, or Hydrology ____ naturally problematic? (If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____	Is the Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes ____ No ____
Remarks:	

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators: <u>Primary Indicators (minimum of one is required; check all that apply)</u> ___ Surface Water (A1) ___ Aquatic Fauna (B13) ___ High Water Table (A2) ___ Marl Deposits (B15) (LRR U) ___ Saturation (A3) ___ Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1) ___ Water Marks (B1) ___ Oxidized Rhizospheres on Living Roots (C3) ___ Sediment Deposits (B2) ___ Presence of Reduced Iron (C4) ___ Drift Deposits (B3) ___ Recent Iron Reduction in Tilled Soils (C6) <u>X</u> Algal Mat or Crust (B4) ___ Thin Muck Surface (C7) ___ Iron Deposits (B5) ___ Other (Explain in Remarks) <u>X</u> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7) ___ Water-Stained Leaves (B9)	<u>Secondary Indicators (minimum of two required)</u> <u>X</u> Surface Soil Cracks (B6) ___ Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8) ___ Drainage Patterns (B10) ___ Moss Trim Lines (B16) ___ Dry-Season Water Table (C2) ___ Crayfish Burrows (C8) <u>X</u> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9) ___ Geomorphic Position (D2) ___ Shallow Aquitard (D3) <u>X</u> FAC-Neutral Test (D5) ___ Sphagnum moss (D8) (LRR T, U)
Field Observations: Surface Water Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Water Table Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ Saturation Present? Yes ____ No <u>X</u> Depth (inches): _____ (includes capillary fringe)	Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No ____
Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available: Aerial photos available	
Remarks:	

	Absolute % Cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.	_____	_____	_____	
2.	_____	_____	_____	
3.	_____	_____	_____	
4.	_____	_____	_____	
5.	_____	_____	_____	
6.	_____	_____	_____	
7.	_____	_____	_____	
8.	_____	_____	_____	
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		<u>0</u> = Total Cover		
20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.	_____	_____	_____	
2.	_____	_____	_____	
3.	_____	_____	_____	
4.	_____	_____	_____	
5.	_____	_____	_____	
6.	_____	_____	_____	
7.	_____	_____	_____	
8.	_____	_____	_____	
10ft <u>0</u>		<u>0</u> = Total Cover		
20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				
Herb Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.	<u>Panicum hemitomon (Maiden-cane)</u>	<u>85</u>	<u>Y</u>	<u>OBL</u>
2.	<u>Cephalanthus occidentalis (Buttonbush,common)</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>OBL</u>
3.	<u>Rhynchospora stenophylla (Beakrush,chapman's)</u>	<u>2</u>		<u>FACW</u>
4.	_____	_____	_____	_____
5.	_____	_____	_____	_____
6.	_____	_____	_____	_____
7.	_____	_____	_____	_____
8.	_____	_____	_____	_____
9.	_____	_____	_____	_____
10.	_____	_____	_____	_____
11.	_____	_____	_____	_____
12.	_____	_____	_____	_____
50 % of total cover: <u>46</u>		<u>92</u> = Total Cover		
20 % of total cover: <u>18.4</u>				
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: _____)				
1.	_____	_____	_____	
2.	_____	_____	_____	
3.	_____	_____	_____	
4.	_____	_____	_____	
5.	_____	_____	_____	
50 % of total cover: <u>0</u>		<u>0</u> = Total Cover		
20 % of total cover: <u>0</u>				

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: _____ (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A/B)

Prevalence Index worksheet:

Total % Cover of:	Multiply by:
OBL species _____	x 1 = _____
FACW species _____	X 2 = _____
FAC species _____	X 3 = _____
FACU species _____	X 4 = _____
UPL species _____	X 5 = _____
Column Totals: _____	(A) _____ (B) _____

Prevalence Index = B/A = _____

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

1 – Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation

2 – Dominance Test is > 50%

3 – Prevalence Test is ≤ 3.0¹

Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or probl matic.

Definitions of Vegetation Strata:

Tree – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and 3 in. (7.6 cm) or larger in diameter at breast height (DBH).

Sapling – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 20 ft (6 m) or more in height and less than 3 in. (7.6 cm) DBH.

Shrub – Woody plants, excluding woody vines, approximately 3 to 20 ft (1 to 6 m) in height.

Herb – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, including herbaceous vines, regardless of size. Includes woody plants, except woody vines, less than approximately 3 ft (1 m) in height.

Woody vine – All woody vines, regardless of height.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes No _____

Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate sheet.)

Additional Vegetation Samples

				Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status					Abs% Cover	Dom Spec?	Ind Status
Tree Stratum							20.						
9.							21.						
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15.							27.						
16.							28.						