## WESTERN EVERGLADES RESTORATION PROJECT

PROJECT DELIVERY TEAM (PDT) MEETING

SEPTEMBER 16, 2016









US Army Corps of Engineers BUILDING STRONG.

## MEETING PURPOSE WESTERN EVERGLADES RESTORATION PROJECT

- Communicate with PDT members who have not been able to participate on subteams
- Gain feedback from public, encourage public involvement
- Provide updates since August meetings
- Relay next steps, forums for communication

Special thanks to the Southwest Florida Conservancy & the Big Cypress National Preserve for the use of their images.











## MEETING AGENDA

- Log-in, Welcome, Virtual Meeting Skills & Etiquette, Introductions
- "What we heard" PDT kickoff & SCG-hosted workshop
- Updated study area
- WERP Plan formulation strategy
- Description of the "future without WERP"
- Updated WERP Objectives
- Progress on planning steps: screening management measures, grouping management measures
- What's next?
- Public Comment











# LOG-IN, WELCOME, VIRTUAL MEETING SKILLS & ETIQUETTE, INTRODUCTIONS

#### WELCOME & VIRTUAL MEETING ETIQUETTE

- Mute phone when you are not speaking
- Limit background noise (i.e. pets, coffee shops, etc)
- State your name each time your speak
- Do not place meeting on hold, simply drop and rejoin when you can

#### PUBLIC COMMENT\*

- Before lunch
- Before end of meeting

\*FACA Regulations allow public to comment during designated time. FACA Regulations prohibit dialogue or Q&A with team members.

#### INTRODUCTIONS











### Please...

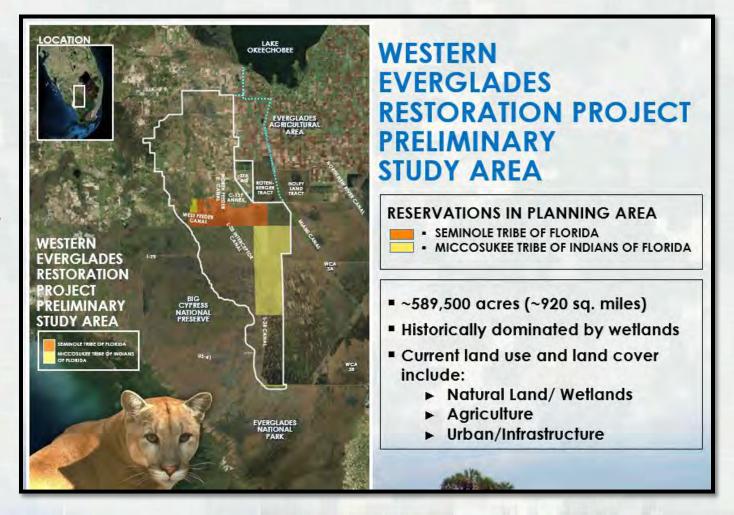
Please remember, WERP PDT meetings take place while work is in progress. They are check-ins with you, the team. The materials being presented are "a work in progress."



### REMINDER OF WERP'S PURPOSE

WERP's overall purpose is to improve the quantity, quality, timing, and distribution of water needed to restore and reconnect the western Everglades ecosystem.

(THIS IS A
REMINDER
OF
PREVIOUS
MATERIALS.
STUDY AREA
HAS BEEN
UPDATED.
SEE
FOLLOWING
SLIDES.)



## TEAM KICKOFF & PUBLIC WORKSHOP MEETINGS

- Kickoff Meeting
  - Held August 16 & 17, 2016 in Clewiston
  - Attended by PDT agencies and Tribal Nations
  - Discussed agency perspectives and completed mapping exercise
- Science Coordination Group Sponsored Technical Workshop
  - Held August 23, 2016 in Clewiston
  - Attended by public, agencies and Tribal Nations
  - Completed mapping exercises





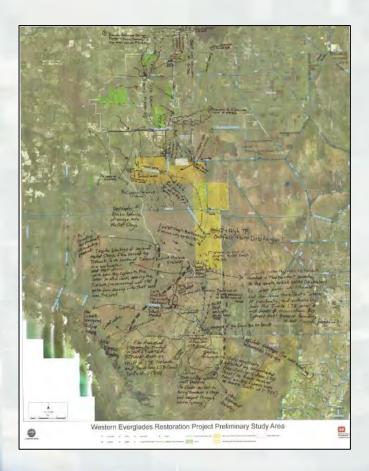








## "WHAT WE HEARD" TEAM KICKOFF & WORKSHOP



- Received input on:
  - Agency and Tribal perspectives of the areas and problems within the study area
    - Promote sheetflow into WCA-3A and Big Cypress National Preserve (BCNP)
    - Improve water quality in the area
  - Problems, Opportunities, Objectives and Constraints (POOC)
  - Management Measures
    - Make a connection to Lake Okeechobee
    - Wetland restoration
  - Study Area











## UPDATED STUDY AREA

#### USACE Guidelines on Setting the Study Area:

- Is the area included in the study's authorization from Congress?
- Does the area include the locations of (potential) alternatives?
- Does the area include the problem locations that you will be addressing with the project?
- Does the area include areas that will be directly affected by the project?\*
- Does it include areas that will be indirectly affected?\*
- \* But, this doesn't mean include everything. Use the other criteria to balance these.
- **Project Area** The area where a project will be constructed on the ground, *i.e.* the construction zone or footprint.
- **Study Area** The <u>area of interest</u>. The study area is generally larger than the project area, or possibly the same size, but not smaller.
- **Affected Area** The affected environment is the area that could be directly or indirectly affected by project implementation. The affected area may extend far beyond the boundaries of the study area to include species populations, etc.



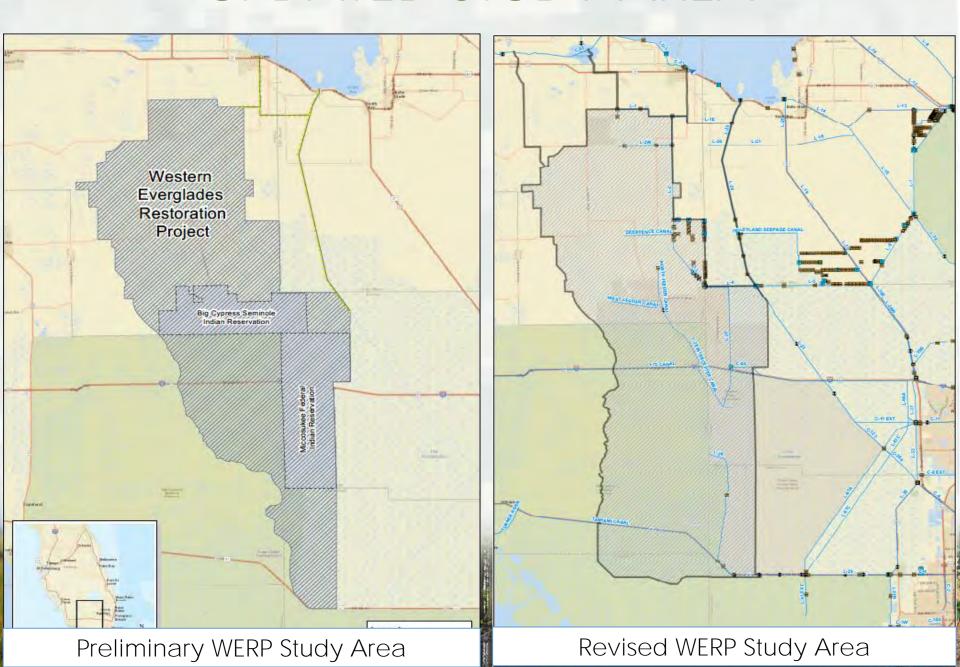




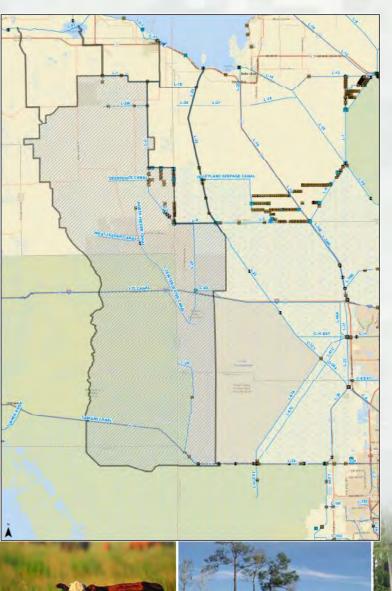




## UPDATED STUDY AREA



## UPDATED STUDY AREA



- What we heard:
  - Consider connections to Lake Hicpochee and C-43
  - Include more of Big Cypress National Preserve
  - Southern boundary should be increased
- Changes were made based upon input received and criteria
  - Included evaluation additional connections to Lake O to bring water south
  - Increased southern boundary to include Loop Road and Sweetwater Strand (locations of problems to solve and management measures)

WHY DO WE NEED A PLANNING STRATEGY?

Make sure you understand the history

We have this model available here, and this one here, and this one...

There is information from past projects

Make sure to consider climate change

Consider the economics

To management suggestions

Some of the management measures work together



Permit requirements can vary by location







WHY DO WE NEED A PLANNING STRATEGY?

A strategy helps a team organize information to progress rationally & deliberately, with focus on each step.

#### **Informal definition in USACE Planning:**

A Plan Formulation Strategy is a systematic "way forward" to consider and combine management measures into alternative plans and then to choose one. The strategy includes obtaining input from the broad PDT and the public.











WERP OVERALL FORMULATION STRATEGY: FOCUS ON ONE REGION AT A TIME, WITH UNDERSTANDING OF HOW THEY CONNECT.

Region names are not fixed! Draft names are provided today only to illustrate the regional concept. Please enter suggestions for region names in the chat box. ©



OVERALL STRATEGY: CONSIDERATION OF ONE REGION AT A TIME, WITH FULL UNDERSTANDING OF HOW THEY CONNECT.

#### TO REACH 90-DAY MILESTONE: WEEKLY FOCUS ON REQUIREMENTS

MISSION: ACCOMPLISH 90-DAY MILESTONE REQUIREMENTS AS LISTED BELOW

Weekly subteams: H&H/Engineering, Water Quality, Eco-subteam, Real Estate, Plan Formulation

- Finalize study area, descriptions of historic, existing, and future-without WERP.
- Finalize problems, objectives, opportunities, constraints descriptions.
- Generate, screen ALL management measures.
- Generate, screen ALL alternatives to final few.
- Determine performance measures to use next.
- Documentation in parallel: NEPA, Report Summary,
  Risk Register, Decision Management Plan, Decision Log, Study Review Plan,
  Modeling Strategy, Modeling Review Plan, Project Management Plan, schedule.
- Not required, but important: Public workshop, posting online, Documentum site.
- Modeling will not be conducted for the first 90 days tasks for WERP.

Monthly PDT meetings: August, September, October. Check-in, seek input, communicate.

**Existing forums:** CERP and WERP will continue to be a topic at South Florida Ecosystem Restoration Task Force meetings, Governing Board, WRAC

WAIT, THERE'S MORE...

OVERALL STRATEGY: CONSIDERATION OF ONE REGION AT A TIME, WITH FULL UNDERSTANDING OF HOW THEY CONNECT.

## TO CHOOSE TENTATIVELY SELECTED PLAN (TSP): REGION BY REGION EVALUATIONS, MONTHLY & WEEKLY FOCUS ON REQUIREMENTS

MISSION: CHOOSE TSP, PER GUIDELINES AND REQUIREMENTS BELOW

Weekly subteams will focus on each region, one at a time, and effects on the other regions.

- Continued NEPA, species analyses
- May refine problems, objectives, opportunities, constraints with caution.
- Get USACE approval of underlying hydrologic model, performance measure models/tools, and habitat unit calculator.
- Model existing baseline and future-without-WERP scenarios.
- Determine performance targets per planning metric, per area.
- Evaluate & compare final alternatives, quantitatively (modeling) and qualitatively.
- Calculate habitat unit outputs, costs.
- Conduct Cost Effectiveness/Incremental Cost Analysis (CE/ICA).
- Use performance measures, metrics, CE/ICA to help identify the TSP.
- Targeted USACE reviews (ATR).

Continued...

OVERALL STRATEGY: CONSIDERATION OF ONE REGION AT A TIME, WITH FULL UNDERSTANDING OF HOW THEY CONNECT.

## TO CHOOSE TENTATIVELY SELECTED PLAN (TSP): REGION BY REGION EVALUATIONS, MONTHLY & WEEKLY FOCUS ON REQUIREMENTS

MISSION: CHOOSE TSP, PER GUIDELINES AND REQUIREMENTS

#### Continued...

- Documentation in parallel: EIS/Feasibility Report and appendices (!!), Report Summary, Documentation of evaluations, RECOVER contributions, Risk Register, Decision Management Plan, Decision Log, Model Approvals, ATR comment/responses.
- Not required, but important: Public workshop, posting materials online.

**PDT meetings: Schedule is TBD.** Check-in, seek input, communicate. **Existing forums:** CERP and WERP will continue to be a topic at South Florida Ecosystem Restoration Task Force meetings, Governing Board, WRAC.

WHY DO WE NEED TO DESCRIBE THE FUTURE WITHOUT WERP?

To show how much of a difference WERP will make.













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To show how much of a difference WERP will make.



WHY DO WE DESCRIBE THE FUTURE WITHOUT WERP?

To show how much of a difference WERP will make.



BASELINE (Other Projects

FWO (Other Projects and Changes)



The FWO will help us see whether WERP does this much.



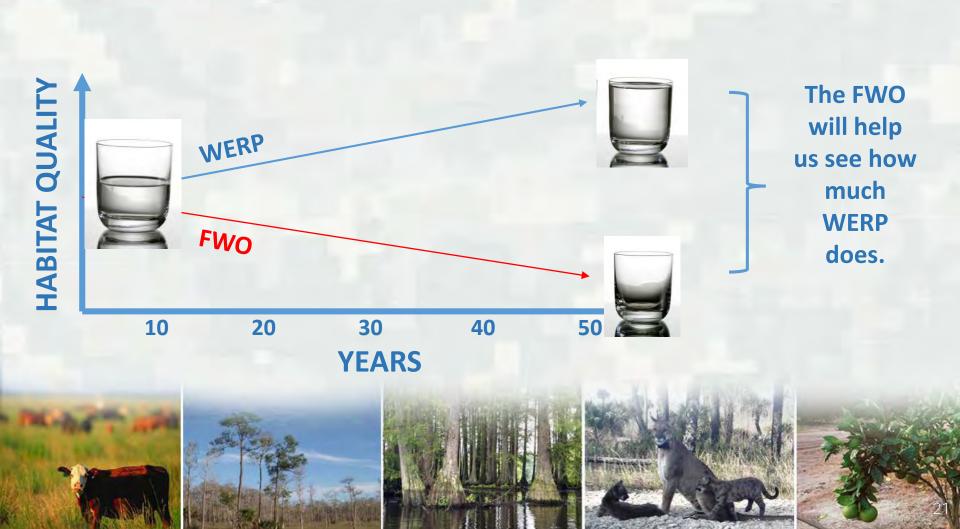








WHY DO WE DESCRIBE THE FUTURE WITHOUT WERP?



#### STATUS OF FWO TASKS:

- Qualitative write-up is in progress.
- Modelers are working with other team members to determine the modeling assumptions.
- Using CEPP as starting place (most recent)
- Adding changes such as Tamiami Trail Next Steps
   Project's progress, and Everglades Restoration
   Transition Plan.



## WERP Problem Statements, Objectives

WERP DRAFT <u>PROBLEM STATEMENTS</u> HAVE NOT BEEN UPDATED SINCE THE AUG-23 WORKSHOP PRESENTATION.

They focus on loss of oligotrophic conditions (water quality); altered timing, amount, and flow paths of fresh water; loss of water and over-drainage; disrupted connectivity of the hydrology and landscape; need for resilience to climate change; invasive and nuisance species.











## WERP Problem Statements, Objectives

WERP <u>OBJECTIVE STATEMENTS</u> HAVE BEEN UPDATED TO ADDRESS THE PROBLEMS AND FOR CLARITY IN PLANNING.

Here's how they were updated...



#### Recent version of WERP objectives...

- Restore ecological connectivity, water flow, seasonal hydroperiods and freshwater distribution including historic flow paths to increase resiliency of the ecosystems and support a natural mosaic of wetland and upland habitat and associated fauna
- Improve sheetflow patterns and surface water depths and durations in order to reduce soil subsidence, the intensity and duration of fires, decline of flora, and salt water intrusion
- Reduce high volume regulatory discharges from Lake Okeechobee to the northern estuaries and improve regional water management operational flexibility in context of the overall Everglades ecosystem restoration
- Reduce water loss out of the natural system to prevent over-drainage, improve ground and surface water depths and promote appropriate dry season recession rates for wildlife utilization
- Restore more natural water level responses to rainfall to promote plant and animal diversity and foster conditions for native species while reducing invasive and nuisance species
- Improve nutrient levels to foster conditions for native species while reducing invasive and nuisance species
- Provide recreational opportunities

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- Improve nutrient levels to foster conditions for native species while reducing invasive and nuisance species
- Provide recreational opportunities

#### Our potential metrics (33 metrics)...

- Ecological connectivity
- water flow
- seasonal hydroperiods
- freshwater distribution
- historic flow paths
- increase resiliency
- wetland and upland habitat
- associated fauna
- sheetflow patterns
- surface water depths and durations
- reduce soil subsidence
- intensity and duration of fires
- decline of flora
- salt water intrusion
- Reduce high volume regulatory discharges
- regional water management operational flexibility
- Reduce water loss
- prevent over-drainage
- ground and surface water depths
- dry season recession rates for wildlife utilization
- water level responses to rainfall
- promote plant and animal diversity and foster conditions for native species
- reducing invasive and nuisance species
- nutrient levels to foster conditions for native species while reducing invasive and nuisance species
- recreational opportunities

#### **USACE** budgeting decision criteria:

- Scarcity
  - Connectivity
  - Special species
  - Hydrologic character
  - Geomorphic condition
  - Self-sustaining
  - Plan recognition (CERP)
- Outputs, Outputs per cost
- o Acres
- Years to complete
- Resilience in face of future unknowns (climate change)

#### Our potential metrics, grouped...

- Ecological connectivity
- water flow,
- seasonal hydroperiods
- freshwater distribution
- historic flow paths
- sheetflow patterns
- surface water depths and durations
- Reduce water loss
- prevent over-drainage
- ground and surface water depths
- dry season recession rates/response to rainfall
- decline of flora
- associated fauna
- wildlife utilization
- reduce soil subsidence
- intensity and duration of fires
- promote plant and animal diversity and foster conditions for native species
- reducing invasive and nuisance species
- nutrient levels to foster conditions for native species while reducing invasive and nuisance species
- wetland and upland habitat
- Increase resiliency
- salt water intrusion
- Reduce high volume regulatory discharges
- regional water management operational flexibility
- recreational opportunities

#### **USACE** budgeting decision criteria:

- Scarcity
  - Connectivity
  - Special species
  - Hydrologic character
  - Geomorphic condition
  - Self-sustaining
- Plan recognition (CERP)
- Outputs, Outputs per cost
- Acres
- Years to complete
- Resilience

#### Collapsing the metrics (16 metrics)...

- **Ecological connectivity**
- Seasonal flow volumes, hydroperiods (can include a depth threshold above or below ground), distribution of sheetflow, flow paths, recession rates
- **Prevent over-drainage** (may be measured as hydroperiod in specific locations)
- flora, fauna (dropped "wildlife utilization" how would we model that?)
- Reduce wildfire risk (removed "intensity, duration", removed soil subsidence)
- **Restore oligotrophic conditions for native species** (dropped "diversity", reducing invasives, incorporates • Acres nutrients concerns into restoration context)
- wetland and upland habitat
- Increase resilience in S Florida with regional water management operational flexibility to reduce **discharges...** (note - may want stand alone objective on estuaries)
- salt water intrusion
- recreational opportunities (move to "opportunities" list)

#### **USACE** budgeting decision criteria:

- Scarcity
  - Connectivity
  - **Special species**
  - **Hydrologic** character
  - Geomorphic condition
  - Self-sustaining
- Plan recognition (CERP)
- Outputs, Outputs per cost
- Years to complete
- o Resilience

#### Refined into updated WERP objectives:

- Reestablish ecological connectivity of wetland and upland habitats in the western Everglades with restored freshwater flow paths, flow volumes and timing, seasonal hydroperiods, and historic distributions of sheetflow.
- Reduce wildfires that damage the underlying geomorphic condition of the western Everglades.
- Restore oligotrophic conditions to restore and sustain native flora and fauna.
- Promote system-wide resilience in light of future change, such as sea level rise and climate change.

Full-text descriptions in the WERP Feasibility Report will include many important details:

Example – "Seasonal hydroperiods" includes preventing over-drainage and includes depth thresholds set above or below ground, depending on location. The specific locations include inflows the Tribal lands, the Seminole Tribe's natural area south of west feeder, the Miccosukee Tribe's triangle area, restoring natural water levels and flows in WCA-3A, northern Big Cypress National Preserve (BCNP).

Full-text descriptions will also meet USACE wording guidelines such as including "...over the period of analysis."

We can use a subset of those metrics for high-level screening of management measures!

What? Plain

English, please!

Translation: Let's use that list to choose among the suggestions we received.

## To make choices among the suggestions, we are scoring each management measure according to whether it...

- Increases connectivity
- Promotes natural seasonal hydrology (including most-discussed areas)
- Alleviates over-drainage
- Reduces wildfire risk via hydrologic restoration
- Reduces salt water intrusion via Lostmans Slough/Sweetwater Strand
- Increases operational flexibility/system resilience
- Restores oligotrophic (low nutrient) conditions
- Rough cost

## PROGRESS ON PLANNING STEPS: SCREENING

## "MANAGEMENT MEASURES" (MMs)

## Reestablish ecological connectivity of wetland and upland habitats in the Refined into updated WERP objectives:

- western Everglades with restored freshwater flow paths, flow volumes and timing, seasonal hydroperiods, and historic distributions of • Reduce wildfires that damage the underlying geomorphic condition of the
  - Western Evergraues.

    Restore oligotrophic conditions to restore and sustain native flora and
  - Promote system-wide resilience in light of future change, such as sea level

Full-text descriptions in the WERP Feasibility Report will include many important details: Example – "Seasonal hydroperiods" includes preventing over-drainage and includes depth thresholds set above or below ground, depending on location. The specific locations include inflows the Tribal lands, the Seminole Tribe's natural area south of west feeder, the Miccosukee Tribe's triangle area, restoring natural water levels and

flows in WCA-3A, northern Big Cypress National Preserve (BCNP). Full-text descriptions will also meet USACE wording guidelines such as including "...over the

period of analysis."



The metrics in the objectives became our initial metrics for qualitative screening....

In coming months, we will refine or develop performance measure targets and tools for the metrics to evaluate the final alternatives, to help choose a TSP.











## PROGRESS ON PLANNING STEPS: SCREENING MANAGEMENT MEASURES

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Suggested Measures		(ou.	 (ou:	A 3A	94	3		æ	Scores 1, 0 -1,	_	0:50	2	<u>د</u>	no se land	0 % E	Combined	dvantages	Notes
	Metrics	INCREASE  CONNECTIVITY (1= yes; 0 = neutral; -1=no)	SEASONAL HYDROLOGY: Rehydrate BCNP(1= yes; 0 = neutral; -1=no	SEASONAL HYDROLOGY: WCA: (1=yes; 0 = neutral; 1=no)(impro we or	SEASONAL HYDROLOGY: Rehydrate Seminol Natural Area south	SA SONAL TDROLOGY: le Mates erdrainage (1= ;;	ERATYdrologic restoration in study area/ REDUCE WALDFIRE RISK (1=	ALT WATER TP ION/ Rehydrate 15 Slough	es 1, +	ie? (-1, 0, 1)	AQ Benefit? (1= y neutral; -1=no )*	Adverse WQ Impac (no =1, yes= -1)*	reatment Require	SEASONAL HYDROLOGY: Inprove WQInflow to Tribe land Tribal (yes = 1, no = -1)	RESTORE OLISOTROPHIC CONDITIONS/ Improvi	N. T.	- 1%	
Management Measure L-28s Restoration	Rather than c pletely	₹ Ø ₽.	2 E 2 E	# £ 5 #	# £ & £	# £ 4 9	# 5 E S	AS E		<u> </u>	3 1	¥ E	FE	# £ 3 F	2 5 8 ≥			Need to make sure it doesn't overdra
- Construct more plugs in L-28 canal	degrading the L-28 levee, create breaks in the levee. Create more plugs in the L- 28 canal reducing the fetch between the current	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	•	0	0	NPS to study	1	-1	0	0.33	•	potential needs of DOT, JetPort/Mian changing water patterns; Possibly re using local fill source. .25 flexibility rating: less water in 3A
L-28t Restoration - Degrade L-28 tie-back	Degrade the L-28 Tieback Levee directing runoff to the south.	1	-1	Y	-1	1	1	1	0.25	1	0	1	1	-1	0.3	0.39	+	NOTE: Vern uncertain about cost rat Less cost b/c not importing fill materi
L-28s Levee and Canal - Completely degrade south L-28 Levee	344 and completely	1	-1	Y	-1	1	1	1	0.5	-1	unknown	ENP to study		-1	-1	0.06	++	May affect 3A water which could influ supply - any effects would have to be other measures. May use levee fill to
L-28s Restoration - Construct breaks in L-28 levee north of S-344	Create Construct breaks in the L-28 levee north of S- 344 and construct canal	1	Marginal. 1	Marginal	-1	1	1	1	0.5	1	0	NPS to study	1	-1	0	0.56		Could suppliment other measures. The restore groundwater north of tieback overdrainage in 3A.
US 41 spreader  - Construct pump station near fifty-mile bend to	Create a pump station that collects water from canal along north side US41 and	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	0.25	0	0	1		-1	0.0	-0.48		This measure does not rehydrate BCI on capturing water at bottom end of sending it west rather than backfillin
**	Construct culverts under US41, primarily between fiftymile bend and fortymile	1	1	-1	-1	-1	WA	N/A	0	1	0	1	1	-1	0.3	0.03		Vill be necessary together with L-28 solution by itse¥. MA ratings are be already enough capacity under road.
	Construct additional culverts under Loop road to provide an improved	1	1	-1	-1	-1	WA	N/A	0	1	0	1	1	-1	0.3	0.03		Vill be necessary together with L-28 solution by itse¥. MA ratings are be already enough capacity under road.
11 mile road & airport road - Add flow conveyance culverts under road	Create flow conveyance culverts under fimile road and establish rules for	1	1	-1	-1	-1	N/A	N/A	0	1	0	1	1	-1	0.3	0.03		Will be necessary together with L-28 solution by itse¥. MA ratings are be already enough capacity under road.
L-29 Levee and Canal - construct canal blocks to limit flow south	Construct canal block between L-28s and L-28 canals. This is done in	? Unclear what this is	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	M. Vould n	0	0	0	NPS to study	1	-1	0.0	-0.38	+	Could make things worse unless done other measures. Water pushed west to somewhere to go. Would help with own the country of t
L-29 Levee and Canal  - Raise weir operation  - direct flow to the west.  - raise the US41 bridges	Raise the bridges and S-12 structures along L-23 canal to reduce flow into the Sparrow area. This should raise water levels in	? Unclear									0	1		-1	0.0	0.00		? Not sure of intent of this one. Which To stack water to keep it from going on the appear to be beneficial for any areas. Note - Would drain 3A - this account title hut have other consecutivity but have other consecuti
Modify L- 28 Interceptor Canal - South of 175 - Construct levee breaks	One option to the L-28I canal south of I-75 is to create levee breaks on the	1	1	1	1	1	1	WA	WA	1	1	-1	-1	1	0.0	0.88		Yould need to address water quality restoration. Not desirable without up Degrading levee before cleaning up
Modify L- 28 Interceptor Canal - South of 175 - Degrade Levee to allow contiguous flow - Fill L-281 canal	Completely degrade the L- 281 levees and fill in the canal. This will require subsequent creation of a more substantial spreader	1	1	1	1	1	1	NV A	WA	0	1	-1	-1	1	0.0	0.75		Background in BCNP are 10 and lowe discharge of exising WQ flows would desirable without upstream treatmen levee before cleaning up 100 ppb infl BCNP. Tribal positive effect is on Mi
L- 28 Interceptor Canal - South of 175 - Construct Levee breaks to	Construct levee breaks and install plugs/weirs to direct flow into the marsh. This is	1	1	1	1	1	1	N/A	N/A	1	1	-1	-1	1	0.0	0.88		Background in BCNP are 10 and lowe discharge of exising ¥Q flows would Degrading levee before cleaning up
75  - construct weir to maintain tailwater head on \$.190 ctructure	l ailwater of \$190 controls H2O levels in part of Tribal land. Intent of this is to raise tailwater level. Seek 'poof between \$190 and	0	1	0	1	1	1	WA	1	1	similar to a backfill of canal.				no rating	0.75		Make sure to understand dry season
- Remove L-28 extension	Remoral of the leree and filling in the L-28 extension. EXTENSION =	м	0	м	1	1	0?	N/A	-1	1	1	-1	-1	expanded impact area in Micc	-0.3	0.28		Needs to be coupled with VQ treatm benefits (rating of 1). It may expand the 1). The extension is relatively small, b
	IC SCORING MMs	Sep	o-12 Ma	nagem	ent Mea	asures	Obje	ectives x	Mgmn	t Meas	ure list	(1	9			4		

#### PROGRESS ON PLANNING STEPS: SCREENING MANAGEMENT MEASURES

GROUPED BY REGION, SCORED PER METRIC. FINAL DRAFT WILL BE PROVIDED.

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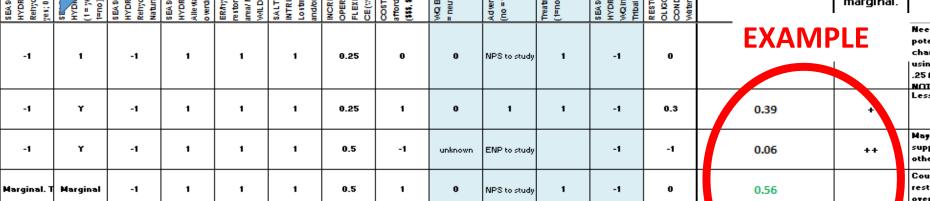
-1

W٨

M/A

N/A

	NOT SHOWING MMs HERE BECAUSE STILL IN PROGRESS. THIS SLIDE ILLUSTRATES THE SCORING. THE SCORES ARE GUIDES. NOT ASSUMING "TWO DECIMAL ACCURACY".										RING.				
F	G	н	1	J	К	L	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	
SEASO HYDRC HYDRC Mehydr = "981.0 =	- P	SEASONAL HYDROLOGY: Rehydrate Seminole Natural Area south of	SEASONAL HYDROLOGY: Allewates overdrainage (1 = yes;	ERArydrologic restoration in study area? REDUCE WALDFIRE RISK (1=	SALT WATER INTRUSION/ Rehydrate Lostmans Slough andlor Streettrater	INCREASES OPERATIONAL FLEXIBILITY/RESILIEN CE("corse = -1, neutral	OST.Relatively affordable? (-1, 0, 1) (\$\$\$, \$\$, \$)	%Q Benefit? (1= yes; 0 = neutral; -1=no )°	Adverse WQ impact? (no =1, yes= -1)*	Treatment Required? (1=no; -1 = yes)*	SEASONAL HYDROLOGY: In pro we WQInflow to The land Tribal (yes = 1, no = -1)	RESTORE OLISOTROPHIC CONDITIONS/ Improve where Quality (SCORE	TOTAL (including avg WQ rating instead of total WQ rating)	"Advantage points" (M = +) M means maybe or marginal.	
-1	1	-1	1	1	1	0.25	0	0	NPS to study	1	-1	0	EXAM	PLE	Need to m potential ( changing using loca .25 flexibil NOTE: Yes
-1	Y	-1	1	1	1	0.25	1	0	1	1	-1	0.3	0.39	•	Less cost
-1	Y	-1	1	1	1	0.5	-1	unknown	ENP to study		-1	-1	0.06	++	May affect supply - ar other mea
															Could sup



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## PROGRESS ON PLANNING STEPS: MANAGEMENT MEASURE MAPS

A series of maps are being generated to help summarize and visualize the contents of the Management Measure table.

#### These maps are designed to:

- Assist with the review of the management measure table content with the goal of helping to finalize that product
- Provide a spatial context to the management measures in order to help identify which features may be complementary, mutually exclusive or redundant
- Help the team to begin thinking of combinations of features that may ultimately comprise project alternatives









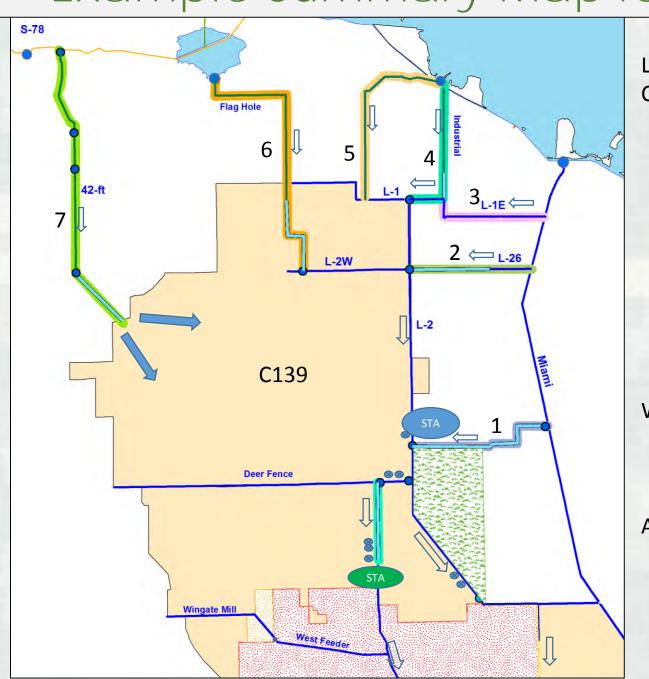


## Management Measure Summary Maps

Maps will be generated for each of the regions defined in the WERP Plan Formulation Strategy and shown below. Individual maps will provide context on options in each region and also provide insight on the connections between regions.



## Example Summary Map for Region 1



## Lake Okeechobee & C43 Connections

- Opt 1 new canal
- Opt 2 L-26 extension
- Opt 3 L-1E
- Opt 4 Industrial Canal
- Opt 5 20-mile canal
- Opt 6 Flaghole canal
- Opt 7 42-ft Canal
- North Feeder Ext

#### **Water Treatment Options**

- Opt 1 STA 5/6 Expansion
- Opt 2 North Feeder

#### ASR Options •

- Deer Fence
- L-2
- L-3

#### WHAT'S NEXT?

BIG PICTURE: ALTERNATIVES MILESTONE MEETING (16 NOV)

Sub-Teams Working On	<u>Deliverables</u>
<ul> <li>&amp; Future Without Project Conditions</li> <li>Refine Management Measures &amp; screening methodology</li> <li>Choose plan formulation strategy</li> <li>Develop &amp; Screen Final Array of Alternatives</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Project Management Plan</li> <li>Report Synopsis</li> <li>Decision Management Plan</li> <li>Risk Register</li> <li>Decision Log</li> <li>Study Issue Check List</li> <li>Peer Review Plan</li> <li>Modeling Work Plan</li> </ul>

#### **Upcoming Public Forums...**

SFWMD WRAC – 6 OCT

WG/SCG – 29 SEP WERP PDT – 14 OCT









#### SUB-TEAMS MEETING

WEEKLY...

- ENGINEERING
  - M 1PM-2:30PM
- WATER QUALITYM 2:30PM-4PM
- PLAN FORM.
  - T1PM-4:30PM
- ENVIRONMENTAL
  - TH 1PM-3:00PM



### PUBLIC COMMENT

- Provide thoughts and ideas about anything related to the Western Everglades Restoration Project
   (Time limits may be used to ensure everyone is heard, based on the level of public participation.)
- State and spell your name for the record before commenting
- FACA Regulations prohibit dialogue or Q&A with team members









