



United States Department of the Interior



FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE
South Florida Ecological Services Office
1339 20th Street
Vero Beach, Florida 32960

April 25, 2013

Donald W. Kinard
Chief, Regulatory Division
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
701 San Marco Boulevard, Room 372
Jacksonville, Florida 32207-8175

Dear Mr. Kinard:

This letter acknowledges the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (Service) receipt of your April 12, 2013, letter requesting concurrence on the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' (Corps) implementation of the revised Manatee Key and its enclosures dated April 2013. This letter represents the Service's views on the potential effects of the proposed action in accordance with section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (Act) (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*) and the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1972, as amended (MMPA) (16 U.S.C. 1361 *et seq.*). For future reference, we have assigned this concurrence letter to Service Consultation Code 2013-I-0151.

The Manatee Key is a tool that has been used by the Corps' Regulatory Division since 1992 to assist in making its effect determinations, as required under 50 CFR 402.14(a), on permit applications for in-water activities such as, but not limited to, maintenance dredging, the placement of fill material for shoreline stabilization, the construction or placement of other in-water structures, as well as the construction of docks, marinas, boat ramps, boat slips, dry storage or any other watercraft access structures or facilities. Your agency has determined utilization of the 2013 Manatee Key, and its enclosures, to review projects in waters accessible to the endangered West Indian manatee (*Trichechus manatus*) may affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the manatee or its designated critical habitat.

Since July 2011, the Service has worked closely with the Corps and the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) on revising the March 2011 version of the Manatee Key and its associated maps. Minor changes to the March 2011 Manatee Key were made to ensure consistency with the manatee programmatic consultation co-developed by the Corps and the Service in cooperation with the FWC.

For all new or expanding multi-slip facilities located in a county with a State-approved MPP in place that reach a "may affect, not likely to adversely affect" determination using the 2013 Manatee Key, the Service concurs with these determinations and no further consultation with the Service is necessary.

For all applications to construct residential dock facilities that reach a “may affect, not likely to adversely affect” determination using the 2013 Manatee Key, the Service concurs with these determinations and no further consultation with the Service is necessary. As such, the Service will not receive permit applications from the Corps for these types of facilities.

For those counties with a watercraft-related mortality rate that averages less than one dead manatee a year, we conclude take is not reasonably certain to occur as a result of new or expanding watercraft access facilities in these counties. Therefore, for multi-slip facilities proposed to be built or expanded in those counties that reach a “may affect, not likely to adversely affect” determination using the 2013 Manatee Key, the Service concurs with these effect determinations and no further consultation with the Service is necessary.

For all applications to repair or replace existing multi-slip facilities that do not provide new watercraft access and reach a “may affect, not likely to adversely affect” determination using the 2013 Manatee Key, the Service concurs with these determinations. As such, the Service will not receive permit applications from the Corps for these types of existing facilities since they were covered by the Service’s March 17, 2011, consultation on the 2011 Manatee Key.

All other future applications for multi-slip facilities reaching a “may affect, not likely to adversely affect” determination using the 2013 Manatee Key will be forwarded to the Service for concurrence. The Corps agreed to forward to the Service those applications that are consistent with the Manatee Key.

All culverts 8 inches to 8 feet in diameter must be grated to prevent manatee entrapment. To effectively prevent manatee access, grates must be permanently fixed, spaced a maximum of 8 inches apart (may be less for culverts smaller than 16 inches in diameter) and may be installed diagonally, horizontally, or vertically. Culverts less than 8 inches or greater than 8 feet in diameter are exempt from this requirement. If new culverts and/or the maintenance or modification of existing culverts are grated as described above, the determination of “may affect, not likely to adversely affect” is appropriate and no further consultation with the Service is necessary.

We have examined the April 2013 version of the Manatee Key and its enclosures and agree with its structure and content. Currently, the FWC does not require implementation of the signage component of the standard construction conditions for in-water work for the State’s review of the permit application. However, the Corps and the Service will require applicants to implement the signage component of the standard construction conditions for any in-water work authorized by a Department of the Army permit. Therefore, except as noted above, for all future applications reviewed with the April 2013 version of the Manatee Key in which the Corps reaches a “may affect, not likely to adversely affect” determination with respect to the manatee and/or its designated critical habitat, the Service hereby concurs with those determinations in accordance with 50 CFR 402.14(b)1. As such, the March 2011 version of the Manatee Key and its associated maps, as well as other earlier versions of the Manatee Key, are no longer applicable.

The Service does not anticipate the proposed action will result in the incidental take of manatees. Furthermore, the Service is not including an incidental take authorization for marine mammals at this time because the incidental take of marine mammals is not expected to occur and has not been authorized under section 101(a)(5) of the MMPA and/or its 1994 Amendments. Following issuance of such regulations or authorizations, the Service may reinitiate consultation to include an incidental take statement for marine mammals, if deemed appropriate.

This concurrence letter fulfills the requirements of section 7 of the Act and no further action is required. If modifications are made to the Manatee Key, if additional information involving potential effects to listed species becomes available, or if a new species is listed or new critical habitat is designated that may be affected by the project, then reinitiation of consultation may be necessary.

This concurrence letter represents the collective assessment of the April 2013 version of the Manatee Key and its enclosures from the Service's three field offices in Florida: Panama City, North Florida, and South Florida. If you have any questions or concerns about this consultation, please feel free to contact Kalani Cairns at 772-469-4240.

Sincerely yours,



Larry Williams
State Supervisor

cc: electronic copy only
Corps, Jacksonville, Florida (Stuart Santos)
Service, Atlanta, Georgia (Jack Arnold)
Service, Jacksonville, Florida (Dawn Jennings)
Service, Panama City, Florida (Don Imm)
