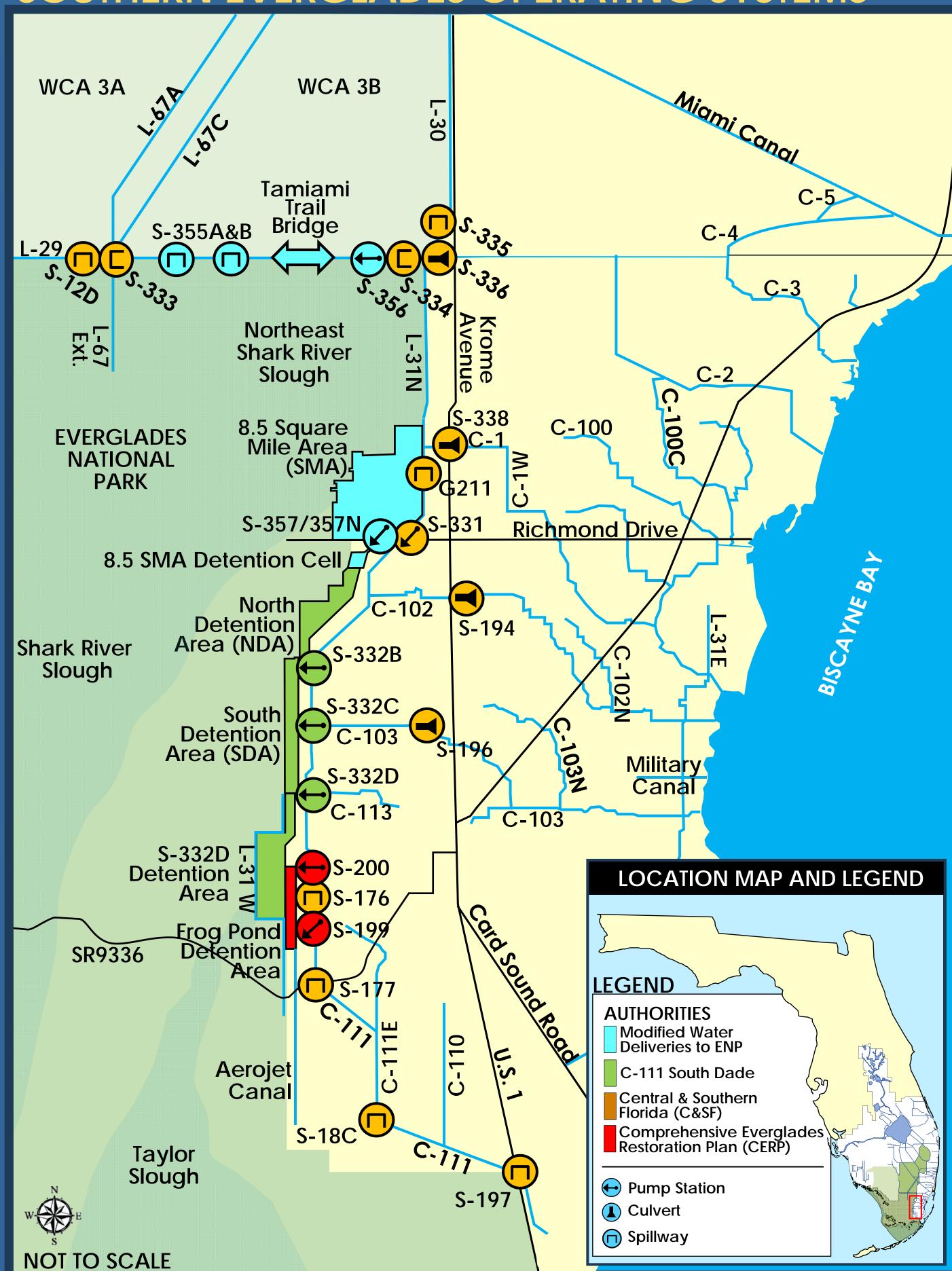
SOUTHERN EVERGLADES ECOSYSTEMestoring America's Everglades

SOUTHERN EVERGLADES OPERATING SYSTEMS



A Combined Operating Plan will enable additional water to flow south into Everglades National Park and provide optimal restoration and operational benefits for the southern Everglades ecosystem.

GETTING THE WATER RIGHT IN SOUTH FLORIDA

Every restoration effort within the Everglades ecosystem directly or indirectly affects each other. Due to the interdependencies of these projects, the ultimate success of restoration efforts are dependent on the completion of others.

In order for the southern portion of the Everglades ecosystem to be operated as effectively as possible, the necessary infrastructure needs to be in place, the necessary data to evaluate operational flexibility needs to be known, and the resulting Combined Operating Plan needs to be developed and implemented.

The Combined Operating Plan will be a comprehensive integrated water control plan for Water Conservation Area (WCA) - 3A, Everglades National Park (ENP), and the South Dade Conveyance System that includes the completed Modified Water Deliveries to ENP (Mod Waters) and the C-111 South Dade projects. The plan will help to achieve optimal restoration and operational benefits for the southern Everglades ecosystem, and will be implemented once all necessary infrastructure is in place.

The projects needed to achieve this include:

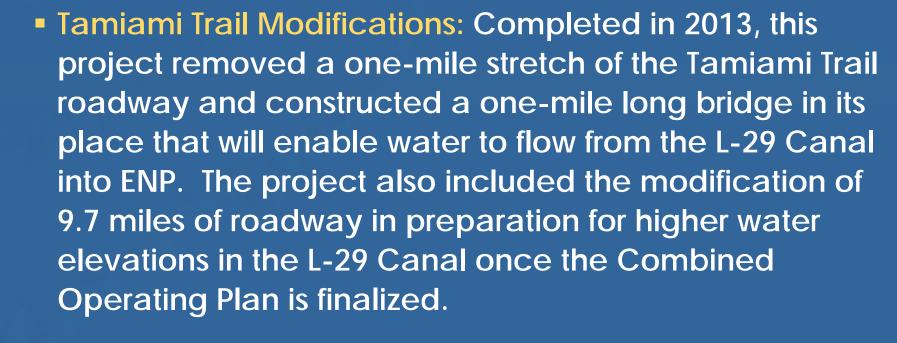


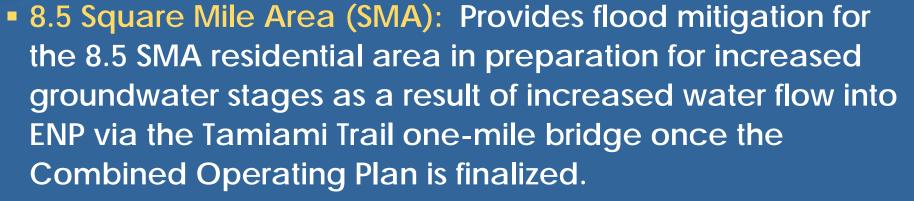
8.5 SMA S-357 PUMP STATION

G-3273/S-356 FIELD TEST

C-111 South Dade: Will work in concert with the Mod Waters project infrastructure to create a hydraulic ridge that will reduce groundwater from seeping out of eastern ENP, enabling additional water flow into Everglades National Park and Florida Bay.

Modified Water Deliveries to Everglades National Park:
Will re-distribute existing water flow to the eastern portions of
Everglades National Park.





G-3273/S-356 Pump Station Field Test: This incremental field test will be used to evaluate how additional water will ultimately be sent south to ENP through the Mod Waters and C-111 South Dade projects. The data collected from the field test will be used to develop the Combined Operating Plan.



EVOLUTION OF INFRASTRUCTURE & OPERATIONS IN SOUTH FLORIDA1947 1948 1950s 1962 1963

DEVASTATING FLOODS AND HURRICANES submerge 90% of southeastern Florida under water.

CENTRAL & SOUTHERN FLORIDA (C&SF) PROJECT AUTHORIZED IN FLOOD CONTROL ACT OF 1948 to prevent further loss of life and property damage from floods, and to conserve water for use during dry periods.

1950s
LOCAL INTERESTS IN SOUTHERN
DADE COUNTY REQUEST

MODIFICATIONS TO C&SF
PROJECT to build canals for storm drainage and water control structures to prevent over-drainage of agricultural lands and saltwater intrusion into groundwater.

1962 SOUTHERN

SOUTHERN DADE COUNTY
PROJECT (FLOOD CONTROL
ACT OF 1962) primary system
consisted of 12 gravity-driven
canals, including the C-111
Canal, and provided
necessary outlets to serve a
secondary system of canals
constructed by local interests.

1973

PLAN MODIFIED TO ADDRESS
NEEDS OF EVERGLADES
NATIONAL PARK (ENP), LOCAL
INTERESTS AND DEVELOPERS to
convey water to ENP through
construction of the L-31N and
L-31W levees and borrow

ADDITIONAL MODIFICATIONS
to enlarge existing canals, such
as the C-111, for water supply
from Water Conservation Area3A (WCA-3A) to south Dade
and ENP.

canals, covering 21 miles.

1983 - 1988

ADDITIONAL STUDIES
CONDUCTED TO COMPLETE
AUTHORIZED PLAN with focus
on preventing large discharges
to Barnes Sound via S-197 &
increasing flows to northeast
Florida Bay via C-111 Canal.

EVERGLADES NATIONAL PARI
PROTECTION & EXPANSION
ACT directed the Secretary of the Army to take all feasible measures, consistent with
C&SF project purposes, to protect natural values of ENF

1989

EVERGLADES NATIONAL PARK PROTECTION & EXPANSION ACT directed the Secretary of the Army to take all feasible measures, consistent with C&SF project purposes, to protect natural values of ENP. Also authorized Modified Water Deliveries to ENP (Mod Waters) project to provide structural modifications to the C&SF project to restore more natural water flow to Shark River Slough in ENP.

1984 - 1994

U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, SOUTH FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT, EVERGLADES NATIONAL PARK AND U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE continue to work together to address plans that will protect the natural values of ENP while preserving other authorized project purposes.

1994

ADDITIONAL MODIFICATIONS recommended to restore ecosystem in Taylor Slough and eastern panhandle of ENP, while maintaining flood damage reduction within the C-111 Basin.

1996
C-111 SOUTH DADE PROJECT AUTHORIZED in the Water

Act of 1996.

Resources Development





